





Glimpses of the 19th GJ-NatConMITE 2023





19[™] NATIONAL CONFERENCE

GJ-NatConMITE

SATURDAY, 22ND JULY 2023







Research Track on Finance/Economics and Marketing

Session Chair: Dr. Kulwinder Singh, Assistant Professor, UBS, Panjab University









Dr. Dilip Kumar (Presenting)

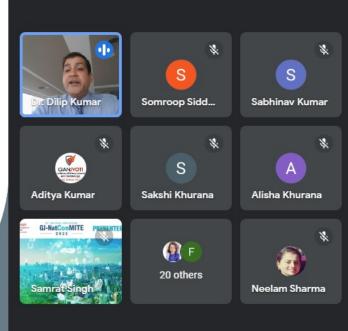
Conceptual framework and Hypothesis

Economic animosity

- The unwillingness or disinclination to purchase products or services of a specific country of origin is animosity (Klein, Ettenson, & Morris, 1998)
- The proximity or enmity among countries encourages or discourages international business and affects consumers' trust. Animosity and ethnocentrism have negative impact on business across the boundaries (Jiménez & Martín, 2010).

H₁: Economic animosity has a direct, positive and significant impact on the purchase decision of middle-aged service class retail consumers.





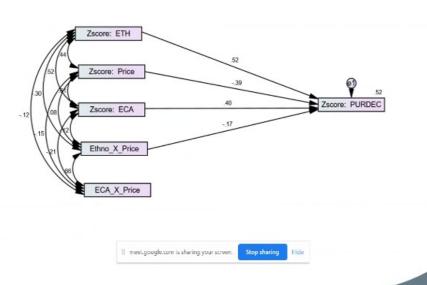


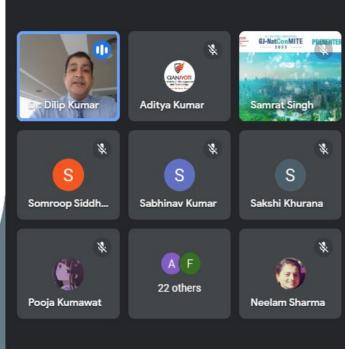




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Results of structural model









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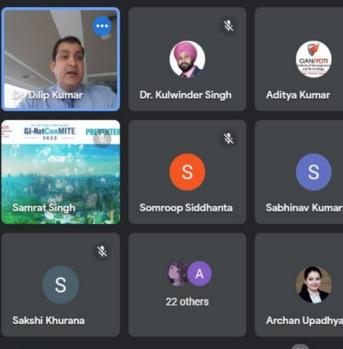


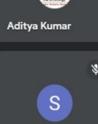
Dr. Dilip Kumar (Presenting)

Result and analysis - Model fit

- · The proposed research model is tested using structural equation modelling through path analysis.
- · All the model fit indices are within the acceptable range, i.e. CFI, RFI, GFI and NFI scores are above 0.90; RMR is closer to zero, and RMSEA is 0.000 (Bentler & Bonett, 1990; Bagozzi & Yi, 1988; Baumgartner & Homburg, 1996).

CFI	RMR	GFI	RFI	NFI	x2/df	RMSEA	All indices are within acceptable
1.000	.005	1.000	.992	.999	.444	.000	range
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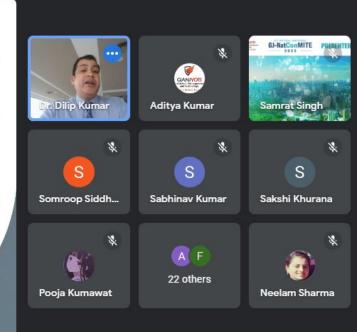




Dr. Dilip Kumar (Presenting)

Conclusion

- The study investigated the association of independent variables economic animosity, ethnocentrism and price
 on purchase decisions of the middle-aged service class retail consumers of Jharkhand.
- Economic animosity and ethnocentrism have a direct, positive and significant role in shaping the purchase decision of middle-aged service class retail consumers.
- Price has a direct, negative and significant role in the purchase decision. Moreover, price significantly
 moderates the relationship between ethnocentrism and purchase decisions. It dampens the positive relationship
 between ethnocentrism and purchase decisions. It indicates that an ethnocentric consumer may buy MNCs'
 products if the "swadesi" products are not available at a lower or competitive price.







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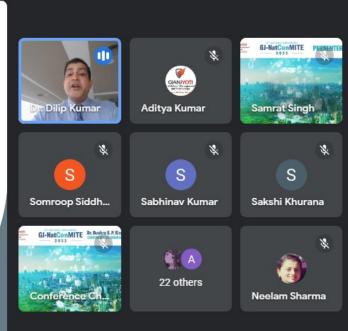


Dr. Dilip Kumar (Presenting)

Implication

- · Indian firms have great opportunities in the Indian retail market due to the positive and significant impact of economic animosity and ethnocentrism on purchase decisions, provided the products are priced competitively.
- · The middle-aged service class retail consumers have a strong preference for "Swadesi and Sudh" retail products. They can adopt a promotional plan which focuses on economic animosity, ethnocentrism and price. Hence, the result supports the present marketing strategy adopted for Patanjali products and the Prime Minister of India's idea to use indigenous products that help poor craftsmen.
- This research contributes to the academic literature as it is an initial attempt to assess the impact of economic animosity, ethnocentrism, and price on the purchase decision of middle-aged service class retail consumers in the Indian context. Further researches can be conducted on different age and occupational groups at various locations of India to check the validity at large.

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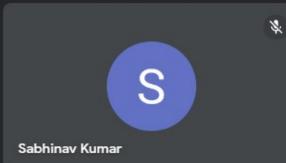
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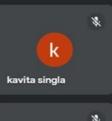




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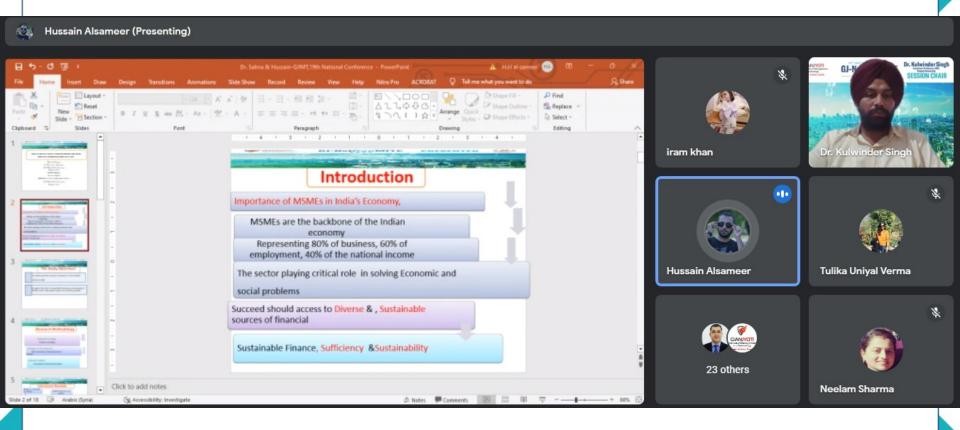












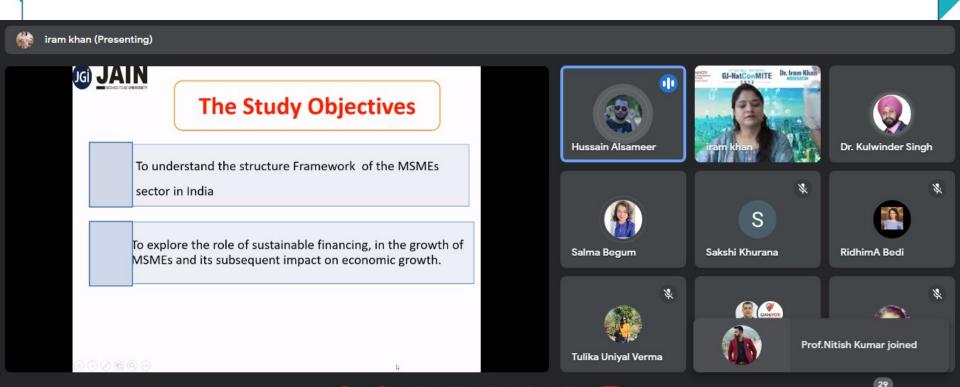


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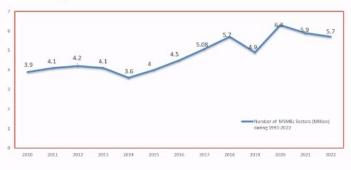




iram khan (Presenting)

JAIN indings of the Study: Trend Analysis

From the results of the graph, there is growth in the slope of the number of MSMEs sector supported by sustainable financing





















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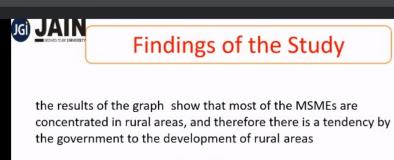




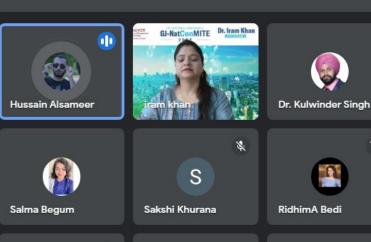




iram khan (Presenting)













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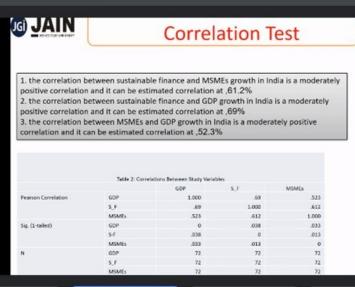








iram khan (Presenting)





















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iram khan (Presenting)



Correlation Test

- 1. the correlation between sustainable finance and MSMEs growth in India is a moderately positive correlation and it can be estimated correlation at ,61.2%
- 2. the correlation between sustainable finance and GDP growth in India is a moderately positive correlation and it can be estimated correlation at ,69%
- 3. the correlation between MSMEs and GDP growth in India is a moderately positive correlation and it can be estimated correlation at ,52.3%

	Table 2. Corre	ations Between Study Varia		
		GDP	S_F	MSMEs
Pearson Correlation	GDP	1.000	.69	.523
	S_F	.69	1.000	.612
	MSMEs	.523	.612	1.000
Sig. (1-tailed)	GDP	0	.038	.033
	S-F	.038	0	.013
	MSMEs	.033	.013	0
N	GDP	72	72	72
	S_F	72	72	72
	MSMEs	72	72	72









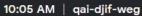




































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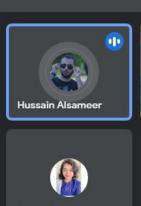


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iram khan (Presenting)











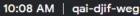


























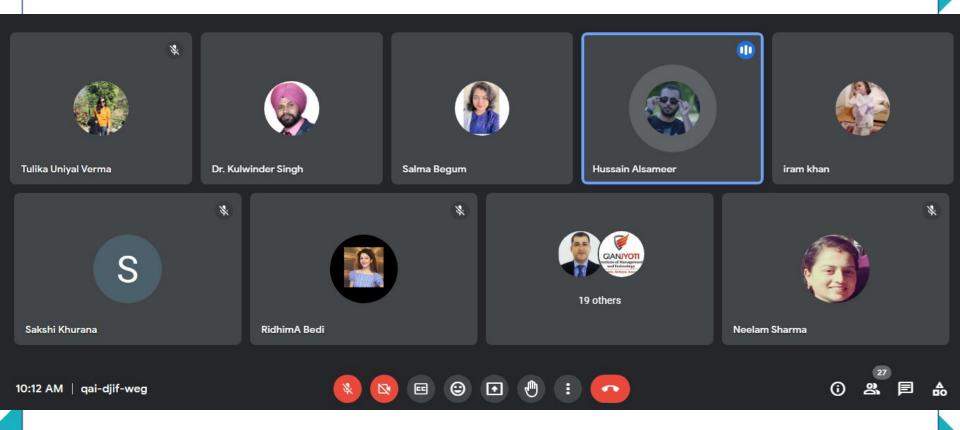






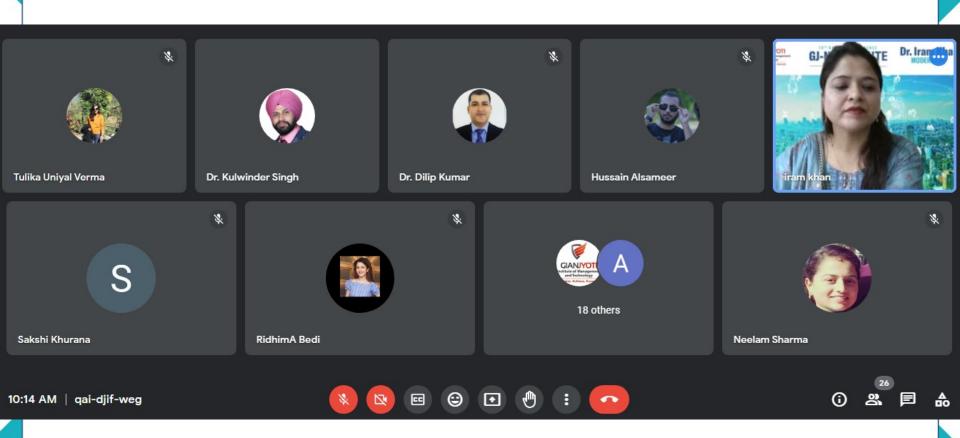










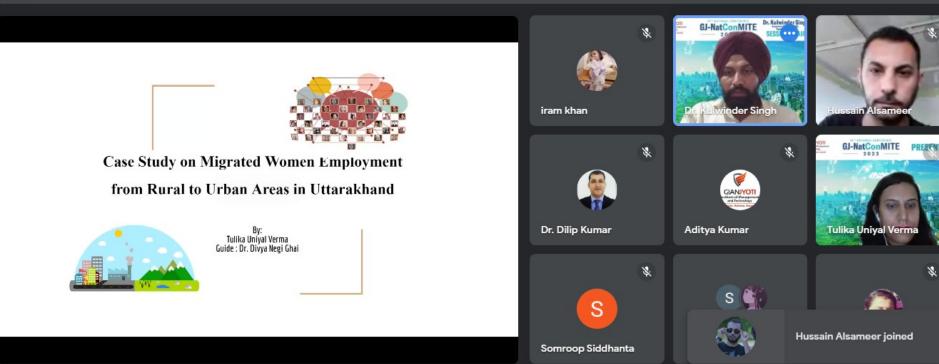








Tulika Uniyal Verma (Presenting)







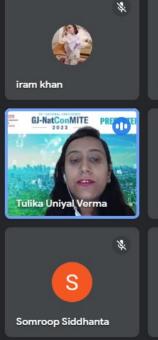


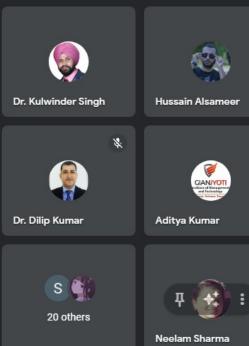
Tulika Uniyal Verma (Presenting)

Uttarakhand overlook

- Uttarakhand developed into the 27th state of India, by separating itself from Uttar Pradesh on 9 Nov 2000.
- 2. State is divided into 2 regions, namely Garhwal and kumaon, contributing to 13 districts.
- 3. As per 2011 census, out of total population, 30.23% lived in urban region while 69.77% in rural area.
- 4. Urban areas in the state are Dehradun, Rishikesh, Haridwar, Nainital and many more.
- The state's commitment to sustainable growth and environmental preservation has been exemplary.
- 6.With a focus on various sectors, including tourism, agriculture, and education, Uttarakhand has seen significant progress in many years.









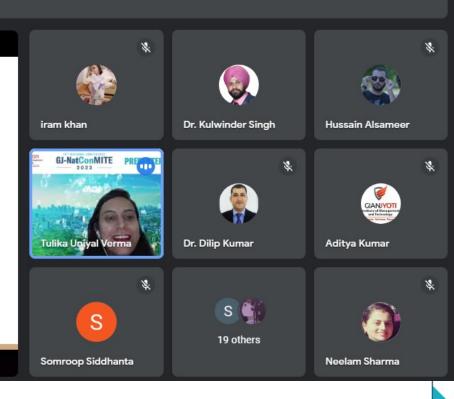




Tulika Uniyal Verma (Presenting)

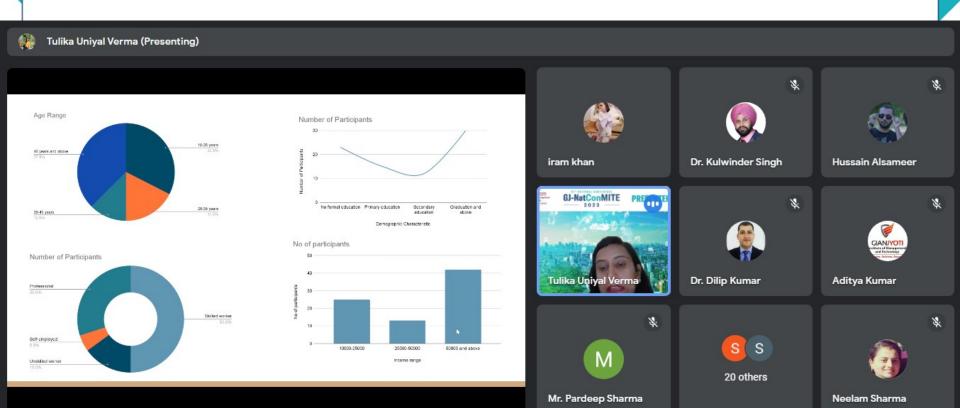
Objectives of the study

- 1. To examine the socio-economic factors driving women's migration from rural to urban areas in Uttarakhand, India.
- 2. To identify and analyse the challenges faced by migrant women during the process of migration and their integration into urban communities.
- 3. To explore the employment patterns of migrated women in urban areas of Uttarakhand, including the types of jobs, sectors, and entrepreneurial activities they engage in.
- 4. To provide recommendations and insights for policymakers and practitioners to develop targeted interventions that address the challenges faced by migrant women, enhance their socio-economic well-being, and promote gender-inclusive development in Uttarakhand.













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Tulika Uniyal Verma (Presenting)

Conclusion

- The study revealed that secto-economic factors, including limited employment opportunities, low income, and gender norms, drive women's migration from rural to urban areas in Uttarakhand.
- Despite the challenges, migrated women demonstrated resilience and a strong desire for economic independence.
- The study calls for gender-responsive policies and intercentions that address the multifaceted challenges faced by migrated women, including improving access to education, healthcare, and social protection.
- Efforts should be made to promote inclusive employment opportunities, skill development programs, and entrepreneurship support for migrated women.
- By recognizing the agency and aspirations of migrated women, stakeholders can work towards creating an enabling covironment
 that premotes their well-being, respowerment, and sustainable livelihoods.



















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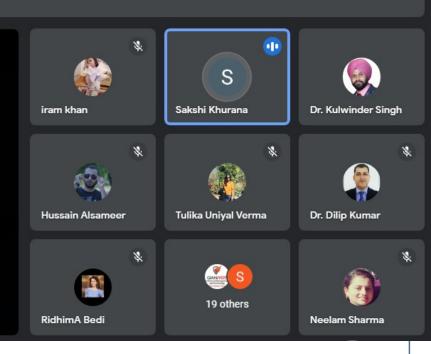




S Sakshi Khurana (Presenting)

Introduction

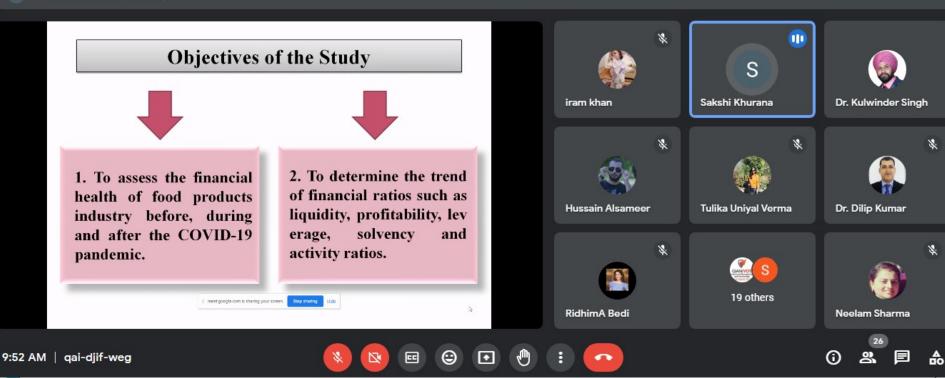
- Corporate financial distress has become an alarming reality worldwide. It refers to
 a situation when a company is unable to pay off its debt obligations (Altman
 1968).
- The state of financial distress has become worst during the recent outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic.
- According to credit rating agencies, financial distress in Indian companies saw cessation during pandemic period. One of the highest default risk rates was found in food products industry.
- COVID-19 also affected the normal cultivation of crops and industrial production.
 During the pandemic, domestic food supply was disrupted by labour short ages, logistic bottlenecks, and income losses.
- The increase in rate of default risk is also subjected to various challenges faced by this industry.
- These unorganized enterprises operate in rural areas and are run by micro and small families. The limetropoleum and proposed and technology, unskilled labour, dearth of social security exaggerates their problems.





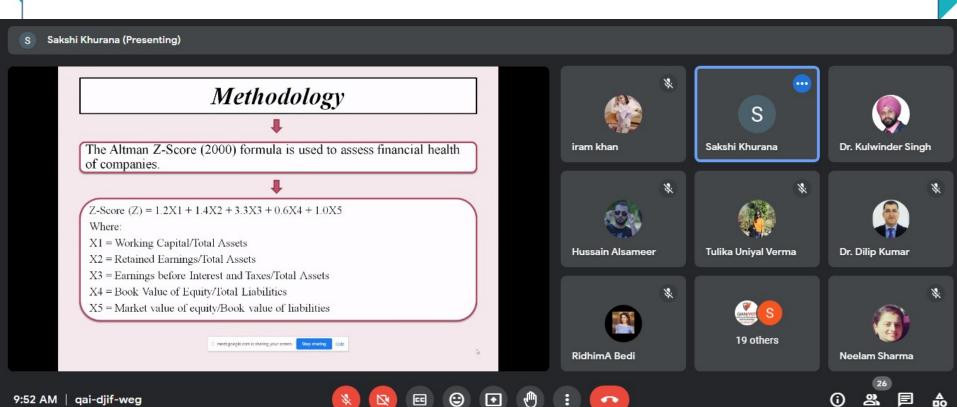


S Sakshi Khurana (Presenting)





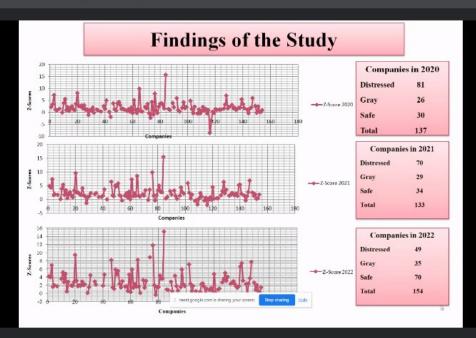








S Sakshi Khurana (Presenting)



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Sakshi Khurana

Dr. Kulwinder Singh

Hussain Alsameer

Tulika Uniyal Verma

Dr. Dilip Kumar

19 others

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RidhimA Bedi





Neelam Sharma







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Sakshi Khurana (Presenting)

Findings of the Study

- ☐ The results are in line with credit rating agencies reports indicating highest default cases in the industry.
- □ FY 2017 witnessed a low percentage of solvent companies (24%). A high percentage of default. companies (47 %) should be a reason of concern for this industry. It demonstrates that financial health of the industry was perilous even before the outbreak.
- ☐ The trend moved in same downward direction for default companies in year 2019. Distressed companies increased to 53% and gray zone companies fell to 17%.
- Results of year 2020 clearly indicated effects of COVID-19 on increasing rate of default risk in companies. There was a massive increase in defaulted companies consisting of 60% of total companies.
- ☐ The default cases were highest during the lockdown and it started declining during the recovery phase of pandemic.
- □ New companies were also incorporated at the same time. The massive fall in distressed companies from 70 to 49 was due to lifting of lockdown and rising demand of industry
- ☐ The results are also in line with the report of government that production of wheat, rice and Nitri/coarse cereals ros meet google com is sharing your screen. Stop staring Hide

















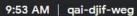
































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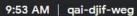






















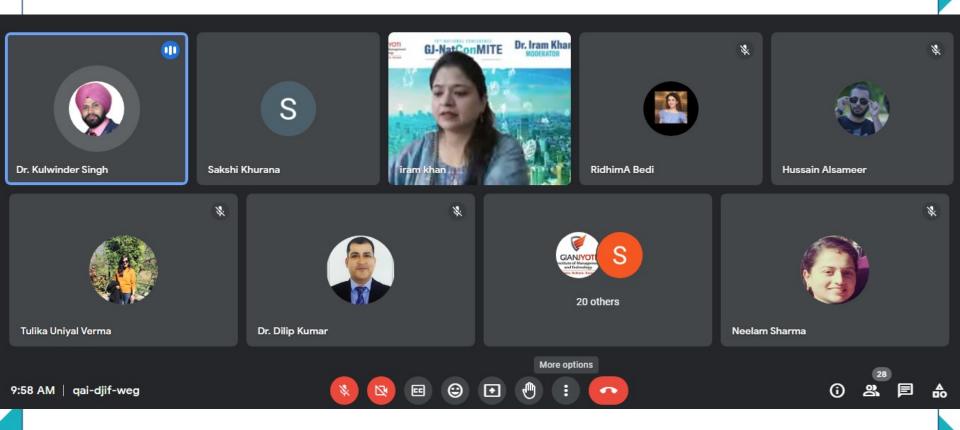










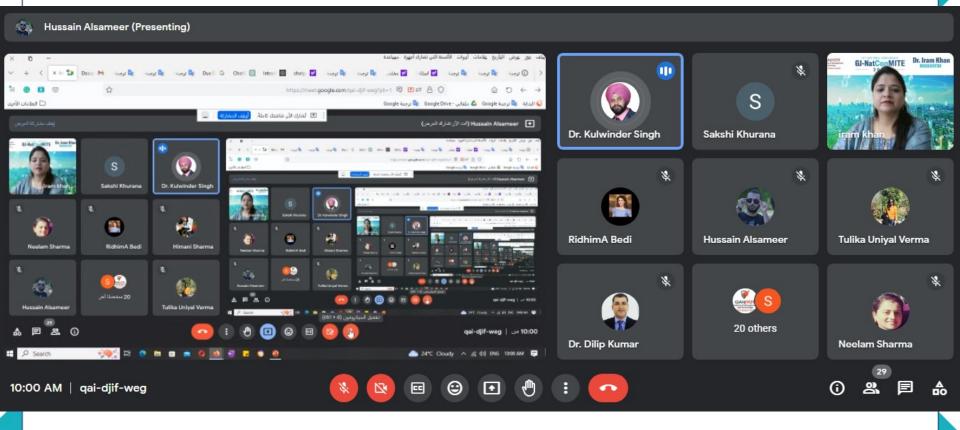






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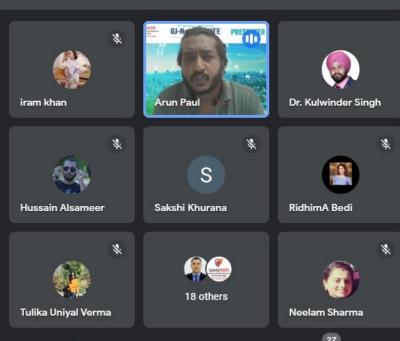




Arun Paul (Presenting)

Introduction and Research Problem

- International taxation is the determination of tax on a person or business subject to the tax laws of different countries regarding cross-border transactions which is a very complex and constantly evolving field.
- India is one of the fastest-growing digital economics in the world with around 644 million subscribers in ecommerce in 2021 (SIDE Report, 2021) and estimated revenue of 150 billion in 2022 (IBEF Estimates, 2019).
- Foreign Digital MNEs came outside the purview of taxation as they don't have a permanent establishment in the market country and work mostly on servers outside the country(Shome, 2021).
- Developing economies like India looses a considerable amount of revenue(100-240 billion us\$) due to BEPS(base erosion and profit shall mechanosal comissioning your street. Stop sharing little terest and royalty payments(OECD-G20, 2013 & Harpaz, 2021).



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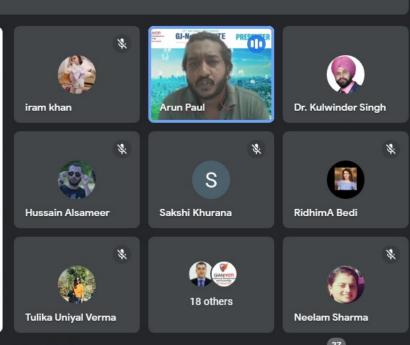




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Arun Paul (Presenting)

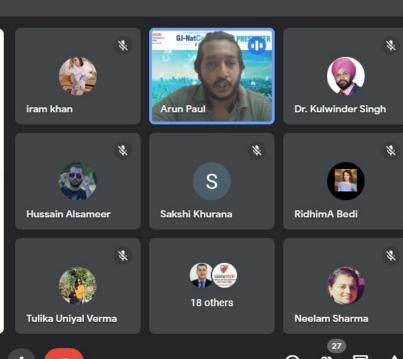
Objectives of the study

- 1. To analyze the taxation of the digital economy and the issues of digital taxation.
- 2. To analyze the alternative for digital taxation by focusing on the OECD-G2O two-pillar framework.

Research Methodology

A descriptive-based data analysis method is used for this research study by applying existing theory and knowledge. The data analysis part is limited to simple statistical analysis.

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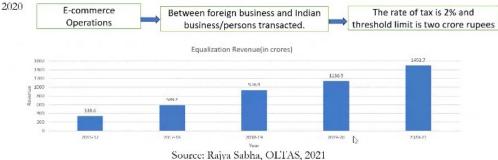


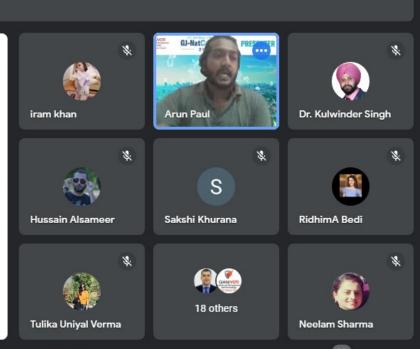


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Arun Paul (Presenting)

Equalization Levy The unilateral digital tax implemented by the Government of India in 2016 by the recommendations of the Akhilesh Ranjan committee in response to the OECD Digital Economy Report, 2015. Between foreign business service provider and Indian business. The rate of tax is 6% and the threshold limit is One lakh rupees.





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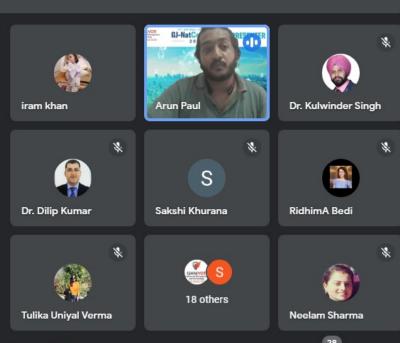


Arun Paul (Presenting)

Findings

- ☐ Analysis of equalization levy on the basis of international tax treaties and GATS- Legal Impact
- Tax Treaties (India –US Tax treaty): Equalization levy leads to the violation of the following articles.
 Article 5 permanent establishment, Article 7 Business Profits, Article 25 –Relief from double taxation and
 Article 26 Non Discrimination.
- GATS (General Agreement on Trade in Services): Equalization levy leads to the violation of the following articles
 Article II Most Favoured Nation Treatment and Article xvii Nation Treatment between Nations.
 - □ Economic Impact of Equalization Levy
- On the basis of the Digital Trade Restrictiveness Index, India's index value is 0.63 which is very worst in terms of tariffs and taxation(ECIPE, DTRI, 2018).
- Talking about OECD DTRI 2022, India's index value stands at 0.34 which is not up to a developed digital economy(OECD, DTRI,2022)

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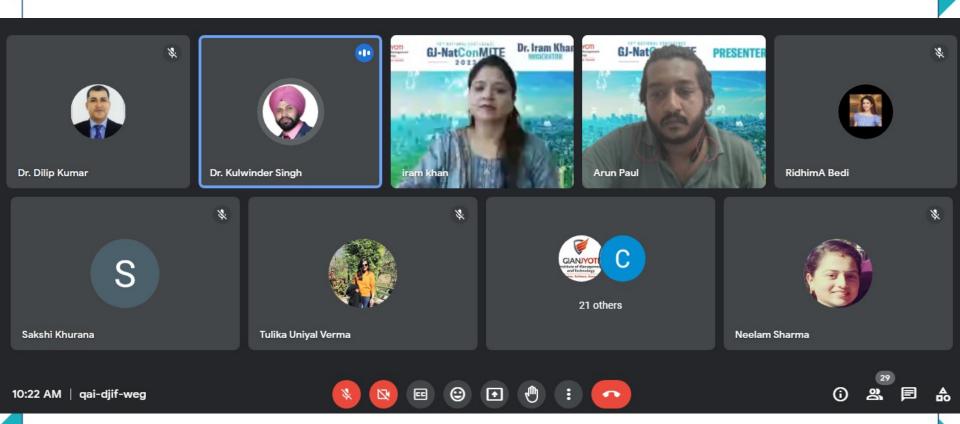
















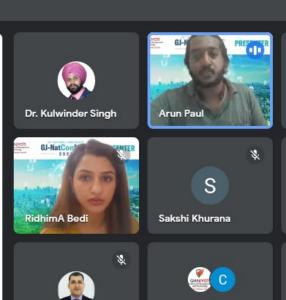


Arun Paul (Presenting)

Conclusion and Significance of the Study

- Equalization levy has a distorting impact on tax treaties and GATS which leads to trade retaliatory measures from trading countries in the form of high tariffs and also increases the price of services which adversely affects final consumers.
- ☐The implementation of the OECD-G20 two-pillar framework will restore taxing rights in market countries and avoids the misuse of interest and royalty payments. Pillar one will create additional revenue of US\$ 125 bn, while pillar two will create revenue of US\$150 bn for the economy.
- ☐The unified implementation of the OECD-G20 Two-pillar framework instead of unilateral digital tax will create a strong digital taxation framework around the global economy.
- □It creates economic prosperity among developing economies and creates good soil for the growth of digital MNEs in developed nations.

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Dr. Dilip Kumar



21 others



Neelam Sharma

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Tulika Uniyal Verma







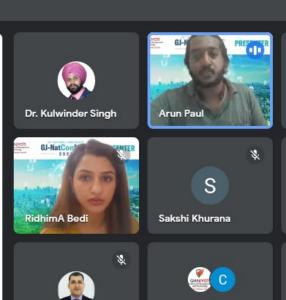


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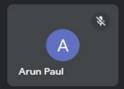






RidhimA Bedi (Presenting)



















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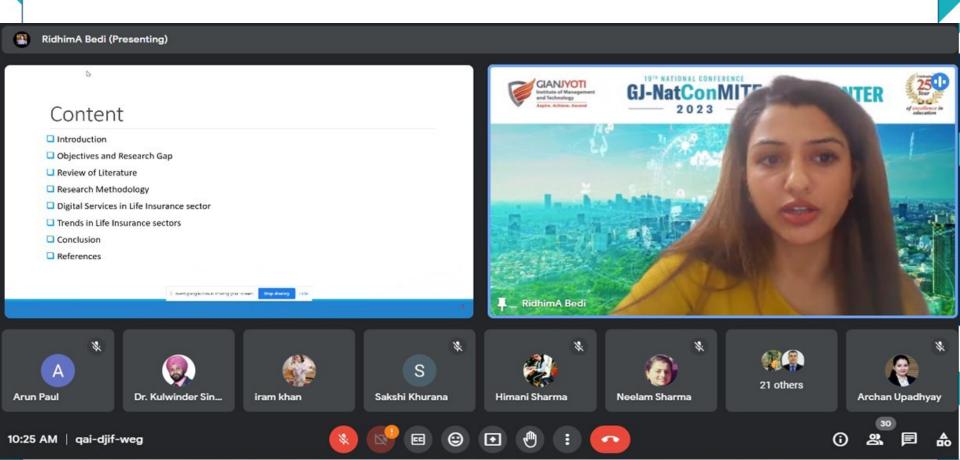






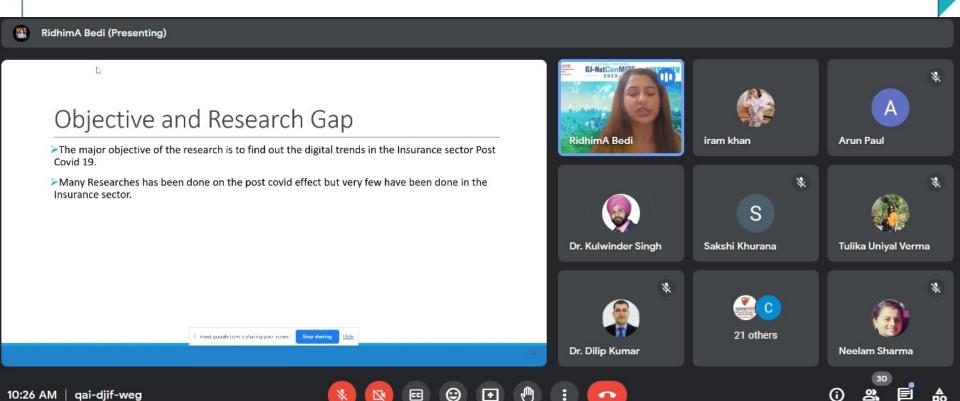
















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RidhimA Bedi (Presenting)

Review of Literature

Shevchuk, Kondrat, and Stanienda 2020	Impact of covid 19 on global insurance market, advised to use digital measures to exploit the changing market
Harris, Yelowitz, and Courtemanche 2021	The author examined the changes done by LICs in the pricing due to covid 19
Akinlo 2021	Analysed about the impact of IT by considering 3 factors Telpehone, Mobile phone and internet on the insurance in sub-Saharan countries between 2000-2017
Eling, Nuessle, and Staubli 2022	Impact of AI on Insurance using Berlin porter's formula, AI may help in predicting loss probability, may convert high frequency risks to low frequency risks
Carannante et al. 2022	Long term effect of covid 19 on profitability of insurance company by using time discrete approach. Results indicated that it doesn't have materialistic impact in the long run.

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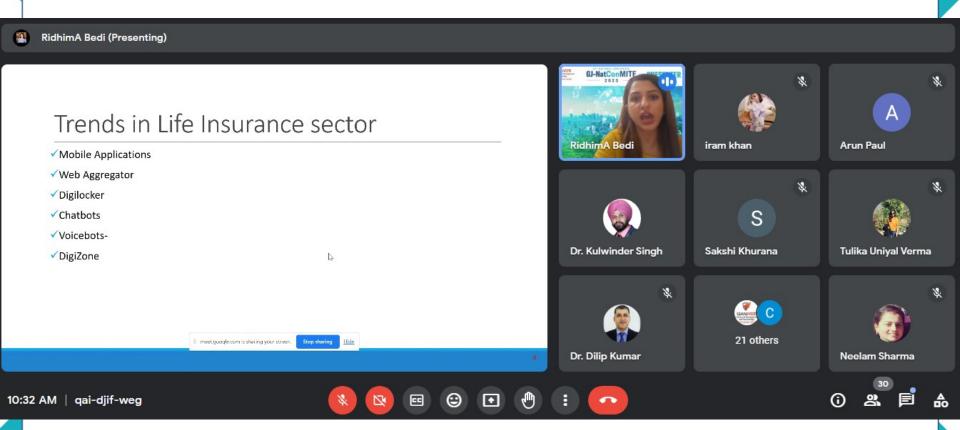






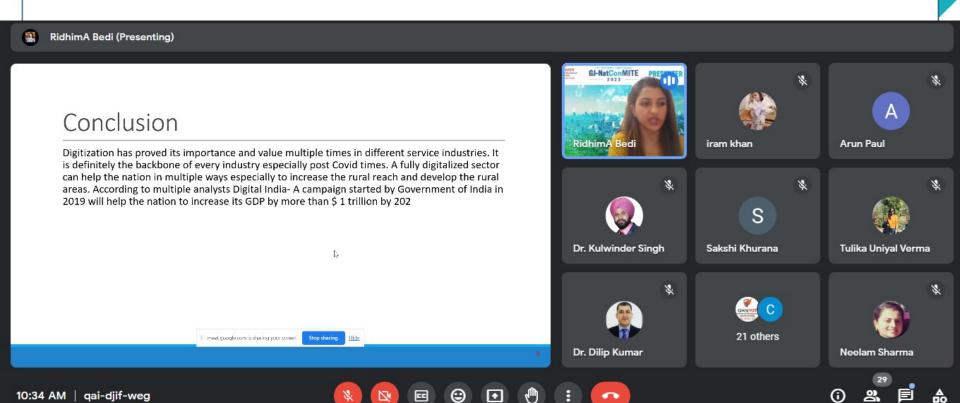








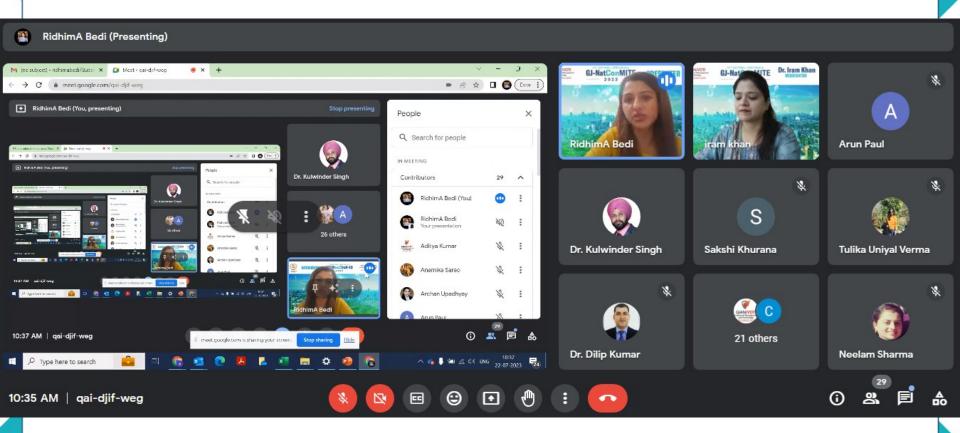






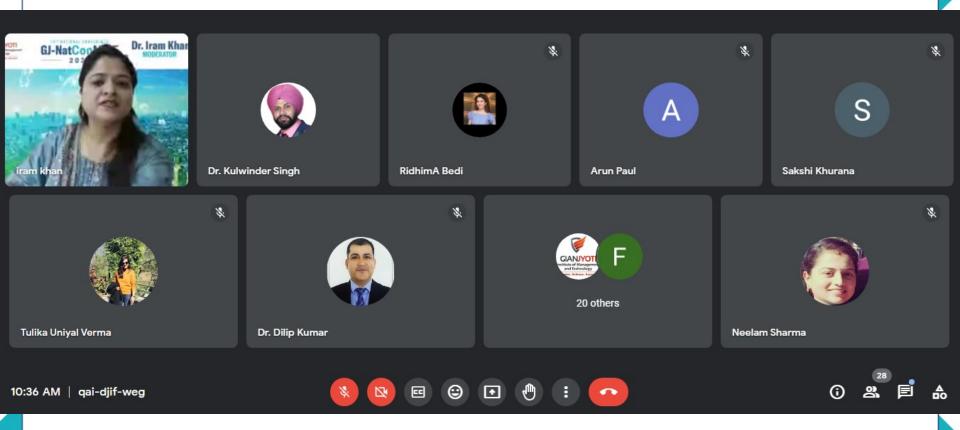


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RidhimA Bedi (Presenting)



















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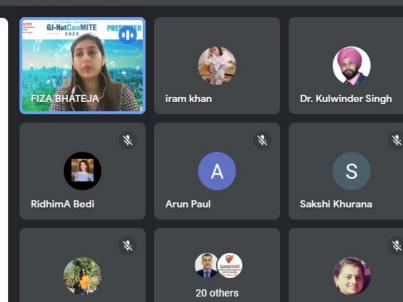


19TH NATIONAL CONFERENCE **GJ-NatConMITE**

FIZA BHATEJA (Presenting)

INTRODUCTION (4)

- · The purpose of this integrative literature review is to propose a framework for using social media as a tool for marketing, consumer management, and financial product promotion.
- · This study identifies the main areas and current dynamics of social media and finance interface and suggests future research directions. Going beyond the mere traditional forms of marketing, this integrative review covers the research on social media marketing specifically in terms of providing assistance, usage to the consumers with regards to financial products and financial innovations which ultimately fosters the financial development of a nation.
- · A literature review is a systematic way of collecting and synthesizing previous research (Snyder, 2019). An integrative literature review provides an integration of the current state of knowledge as a way of generating new knowledge (Holton, 2002). Reviews, critiques, and synthesizes representative literature on a topic in an integrated way such that new frameworks and perspectives on the topic are generated (Torraco, 2005).



10:38 AM | gai-djif-weg















Tulika Uniyal Verma





Neelam Sharma







F F

FIZA BHATEJA (Presenting)

INTEGRATIVE LITERATURE REVIEW FINDINGS

• The results highlight the substantial knowledge gaps and the inconsistent findings of prior studies on several aspects of the field, suggesting avenues for further studies in terms of research designs, settings, scope, and theories. By synthesizing existing literature, this research aims to provide insights and guidelines for effectively utilizing social media platforms in the financial industry to enhance marketing strategies, improve customer relationships, and facilitate the promotion of financial products. The study identifies the publication patterns and intellectual structure in this area by describing the integrative literature review process followed in the study. Second, the study presents the method used to select and analyze previous studies on it and summarize the interface between marketing in terms of social media use and financial innovations and products. Third, the study outlines the results of the review of social media marketing assisting financial innovations, products by taking into the effect of various other factors and different techniques such as cloud computing, green marketing, big data analytics, blockchain, crowdfunding.

FIZA BHATEJA

















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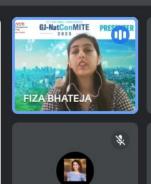
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FIZA BHATEJA (Presenting)

DISCUSSION AND **RESEARCH AVENUES (1)**

FUTURE

- · Using an integrative review, the study finds that several factors impede growth in this field despite continuing progress like Lack of systematic theory development, Lack of data availability hampers research, Lack of focus on industry-specific and cross-industry comparisons. Despite much research on social media marketing, several areas merit additional work especially in the field of accounting and finance. Here are some research gaps that future researchers could address:
- · 1. Conceptual studies. Although empirical studies abound on social media marketing and financial innovations in their respective areas, still there exists a need for more conceptual articles to provide theoretical framework regarding the interface between the two for guiding future research. Because no widely accepted theoretical model of such interface exists, a robust research framework is needed. Qualitative studies to unpack the black box of marketing and finance interface are needed as such works do not exist under this topic.

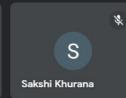


















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F

FIZA BHATEJA (Presenting)

DISCUSSION AND RESEARCH AVENUES (3)

• 4. Collaboration of FinTech and Marketing: The market for fintech apps is growing rapidly, thus the marketing activities in the FinTech area should also grow. Most digital payment start-ups offer huge discounts, cash backs, etc., to acquire new customers. But as soon as the offer expires or a competitor starts offering better deals, customers take no time to switch to another app or service provider, thus social media marketing should be effectively used in customer attraction and customer retention. With fintech marketing, one can explore the possibilities, untapped market potential, and, more importantly, satisfy people's financial needs, educate people, build trust explore data, understand buyers, their needs, and expectations and use this knowledge to customize their content, product, and services.

D.

13

FUTURE

PRESENTER







FIZA BHATEJA











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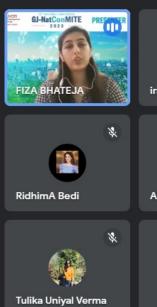


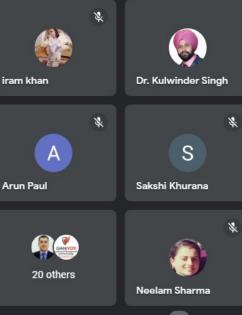


FIZA BHATEJA (Presenting)

CONCLUSION

- The marketing strategy for fintech products/services requires an in-depth understanding of the financial situation of the target audience. This paper aims to offer the most up-to-date research on social media marketing and financial products interface using an integrative literature revie. This study focussed on the use of social media marketing and its perceived as well as realised usefulness on financial products and financial innovations. It also presented information on the strategies adopted by various financial institutions to generate financial literacy with the help of social media.
- This Integrative Literature Review contributes to the existing literature by providing a comprehensive review of research on
 interface using a large number of studies with a multidisciplinary focus in order to systematize knowledge to benefit researchers,
 practitioners, and policymakers. To this end, the suggest some avenues for further work and found that more attention is needed on
 the relationships between social media marketing and several other aspects of finance that have received less attention from
 researchers such as financial apps, FinTech which are emerging areas of financial development.
- Hence, the study provides a clear picture of research on social media marketing and financial products interface using an integrative
 literature review. However, like other studies, it has few limitations. First, our dalaset covers articles from 2012 to 2023 and hence
 excludes earlier articles. Second, other types of analyses such as co-authorship, could be examined. Third, our keyword selection is
 based on our literature review. Other keywords could emerge in the future relating to the topic.





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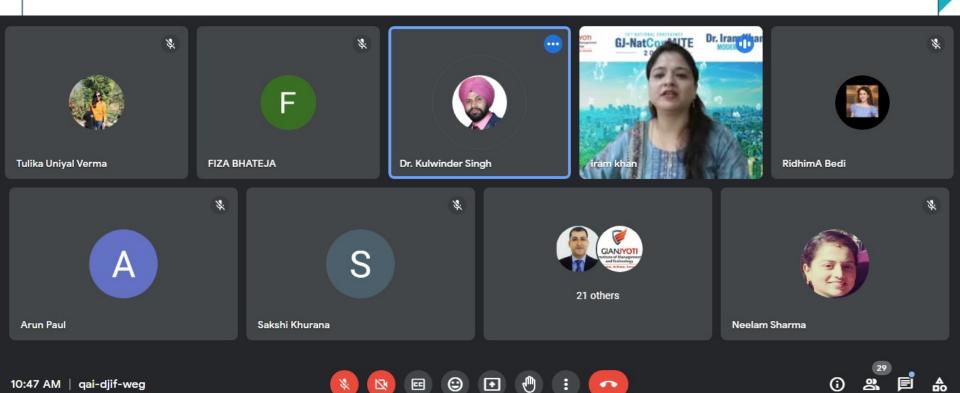
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F FIZA BHATEJA (Presenting)







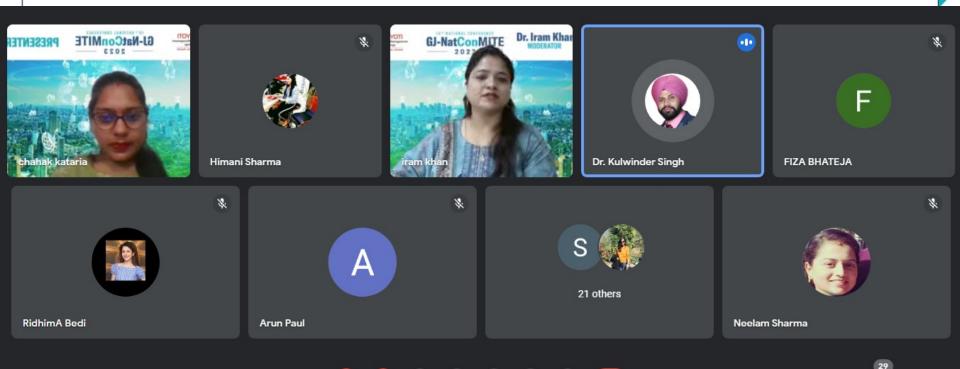




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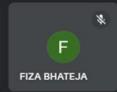








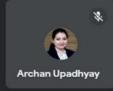












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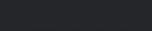


















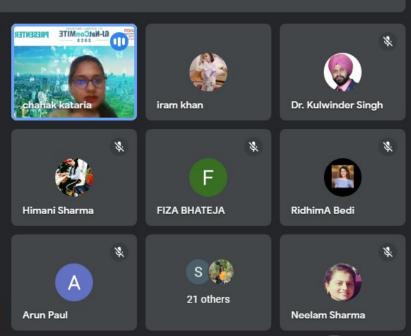




c chahak kataria (Presenting)

Introduction

Today, many organisations all around the world have realised the value and function of quality. In order to satisfy their customers' expectations and succeed in the marketplace, businesses are required to offer high-quality goods and services (Demirbag, Tatoglu, Tekinkus, & Zaim, 2006). This is made possible by smart client requests for greater quality. Thus it becomes necessary for organizations to possess and put into practice creative management ideas in order to acquire competitive advantages over rivals (Douglas & Judge, 2001; Powel, 1995). TQM practices have gained widespread acceptability during the past 20 years as a result of their increasing distribution and acceptance in the corporate world. As Quality has been seen as one of the most significant drivers in the era of global competition (Demirbag et al. 2006). The primary responsibility for ensuring the quality of goods and services is to satisfy consumer requests by enhancing or developing new that can live up to their hopes. It can be observed that throughout history, these practices have been crucial in preserving organizations' competitive advantages. Since there is no accepted definition of TQM, defining it is quite difficult. The implementation of (TQM) principles in service organizations has drawn more attention now a days.



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c chahak kataria (Presenting)

Objectives of the study

The study aims to determine the association of TQM with organizational performance by using bibliometric analysis.

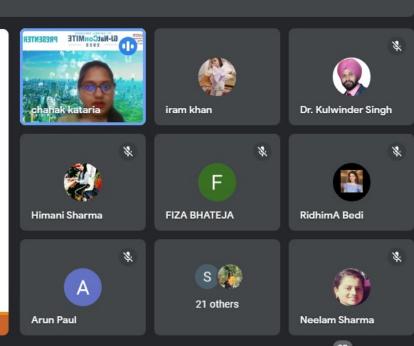
RQ1 What are the current research trend of TQM and organization performance implementation?

RQ2 Which authors and sources have made the biggest, most significant, and most visible contributions to the TQM and organization performance research literature?

RQ3 What are the most referenced publications, authors, and co-authors in the field of TQM and organization performance research?

RQ4 What are the top nations that contributes the most in conducting the research in this field's?

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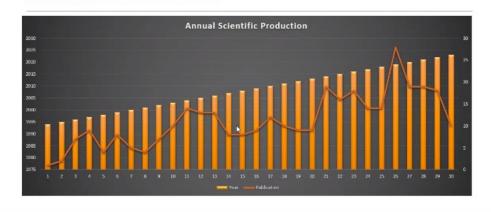






c chahak kataria (Presenting)

Annual Scientific Production:











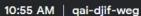


































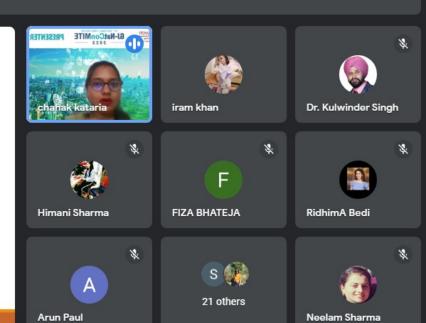


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chahak kataria (Presenting)

Most influential authors, organizations and country:

	Author	TP		Institution			Country	TP
1182	kaynak h.	1	1182	University of texas , united states	1	3187	United states	48
1084	Samson d.; terziovskim	1	520	University of saskatchewan, canada	1	3085	Australia	32
520	sila i.	1	408	Universidad de Sevilla, spain	1	2414	Uk	38
508	prajogo d.i.;sohal a.s.	2	389	Fatih university, Istanbul, turkey	2	1173	Spain	18
408	bou-llusar j.e.; escrig-tena a.b	1	378	London school of economics, UK	1	791	Canada	6



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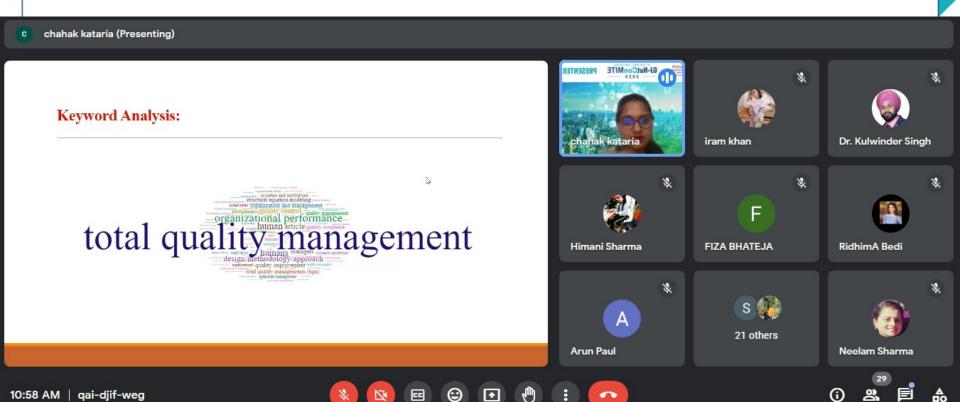










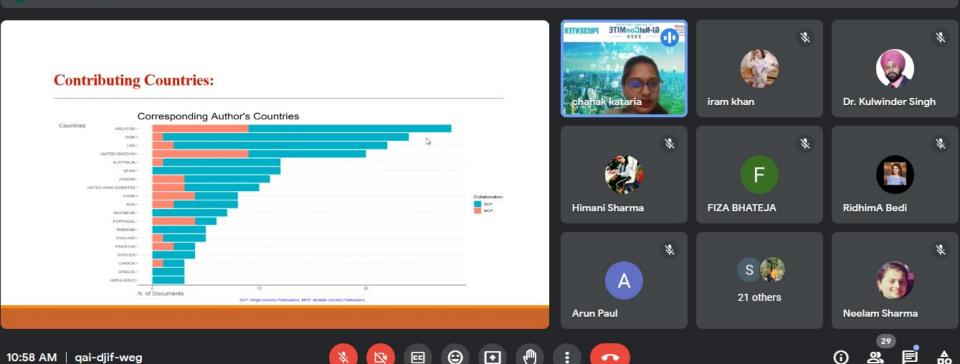






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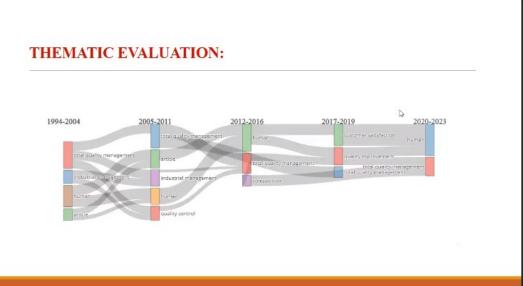
c chahak kataria (Presenting)

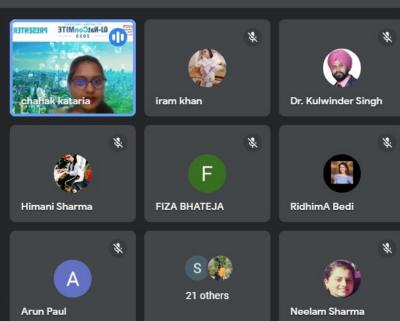






c chahak kataria (Presenting)





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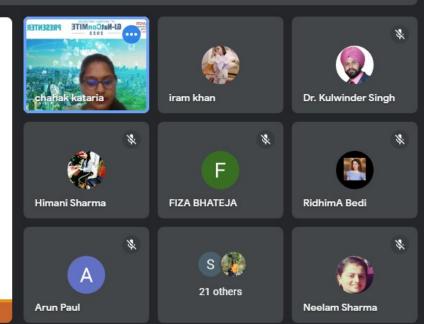




chahak kataria (Presenting)

Conclusion:

As a result, it is observed that TQM is still a desirable and popular subject. The majority of the top contributing journals, nations, institutions, and writers have advanced TQM research over the past two decades. Accordingly, TQM researchers are recommended to link TQM with other academic fields of study and take into account a cross-country comparison between industrialised and developing nations. To have a more thorough coverage of TQM-related papers, future studies may explore expanding the search parameters (e.g., using the Scopus database), as this study only used data from the WoS database and restricted the search to SCI-E, SSCI, and A&HCI.



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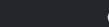












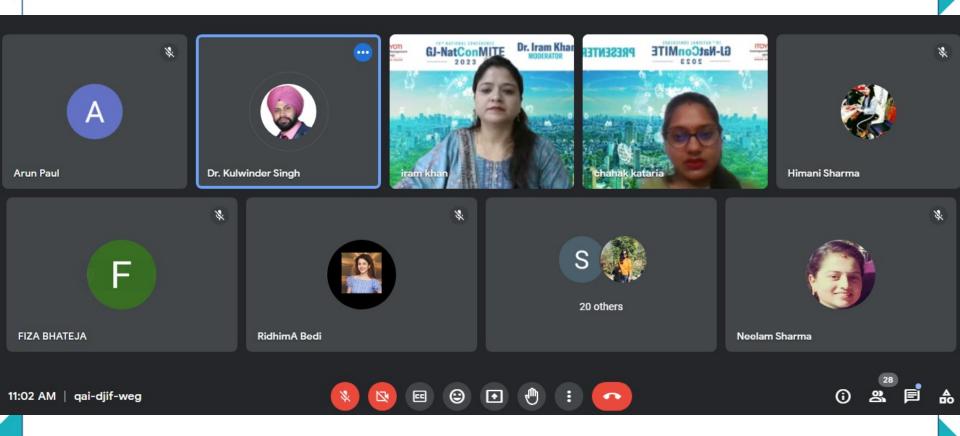






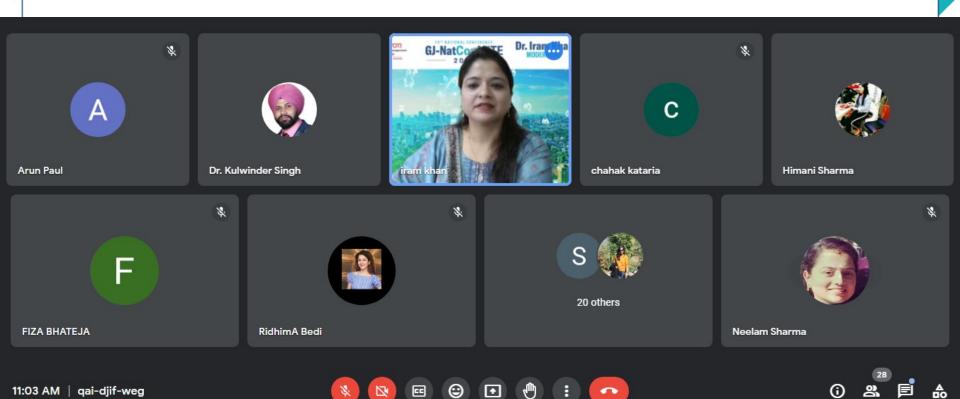


















iram khan (Presenting)

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:

- Many countries are adopting green economy to achieve the goal of sustainable development. Some of the companies are achieving the creation of green economy as a part of their Corporate Social Responsibility.
- MAIN AIM IS TO:
- --- Study the meaning, nature and scope of green economy.
- ----Study the impact of green economy on trade and employment.
- ---- Analyse the role of green economy in achievning Sustainable Development.



















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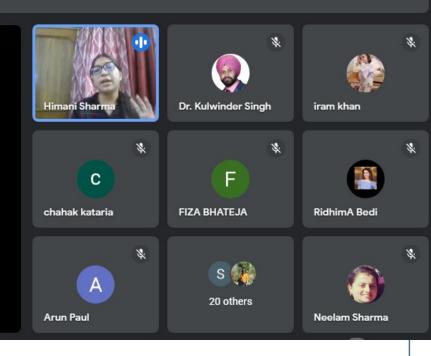




iram khan (Presenting)

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- To find out and focus on all the aims of the studies by reputed scholars and authors, the main research methodologies were based on data collection, making different desings for their research.
- DATA COLLECTION
- Data was collected from studying and researching various reports and articles. The report by UNEP was of a major concern and the UN'S great initiative of Sustainable development.
- ANALYSIS
- Data was then analysed and studied to find all the further implications and to know the in depth meaning of differtent terms and their relability on each other.





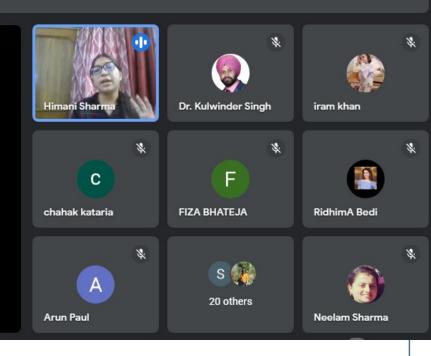




iram khan (Presenting)

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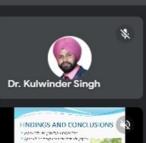


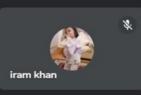
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iram khan (Presenting)



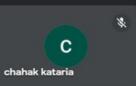


























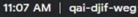






















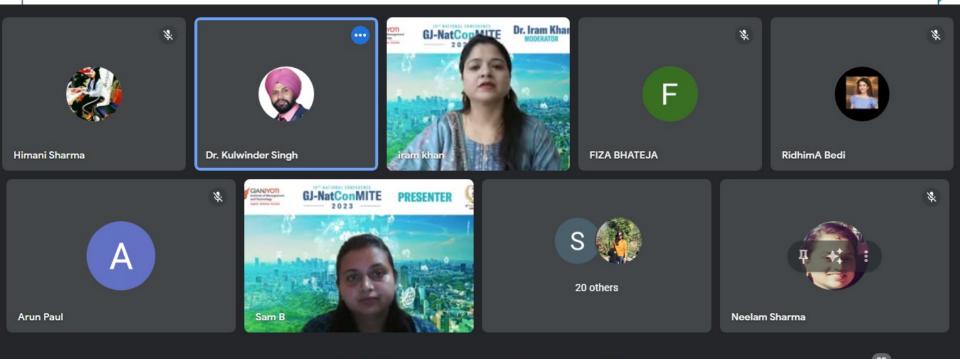




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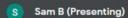








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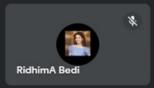






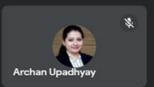
















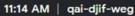












Sam B















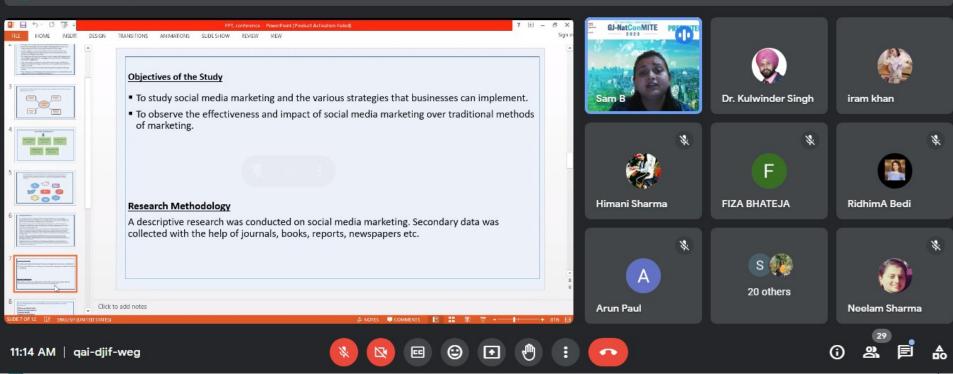






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S Sam B (Presenting)

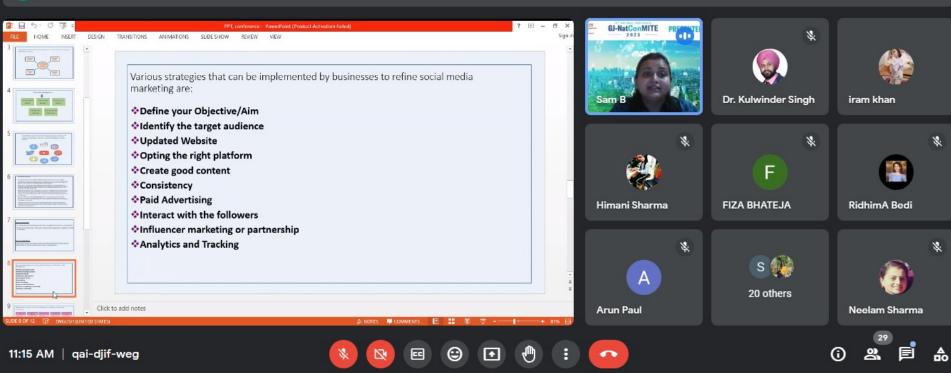






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S Sam B (Presenting)





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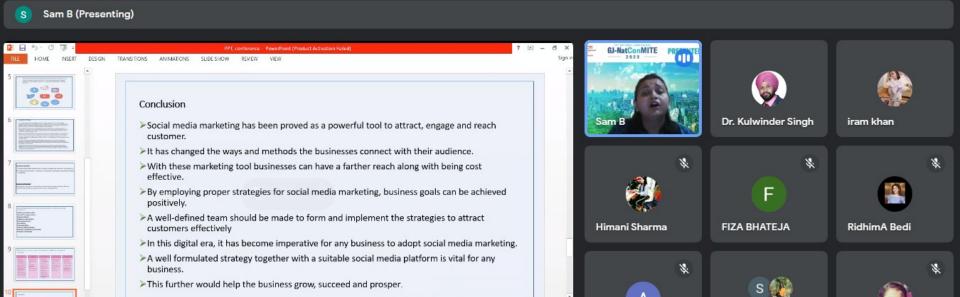
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20 others

Neelam Sharma

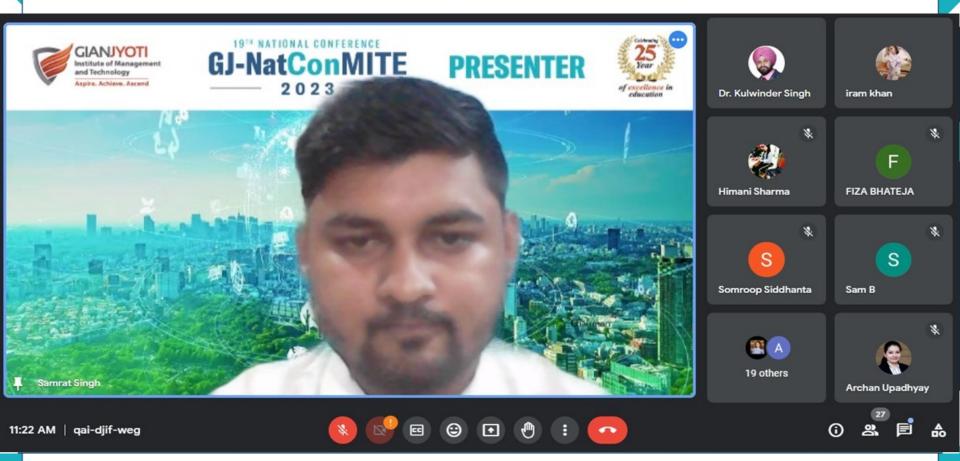
Arun Paul





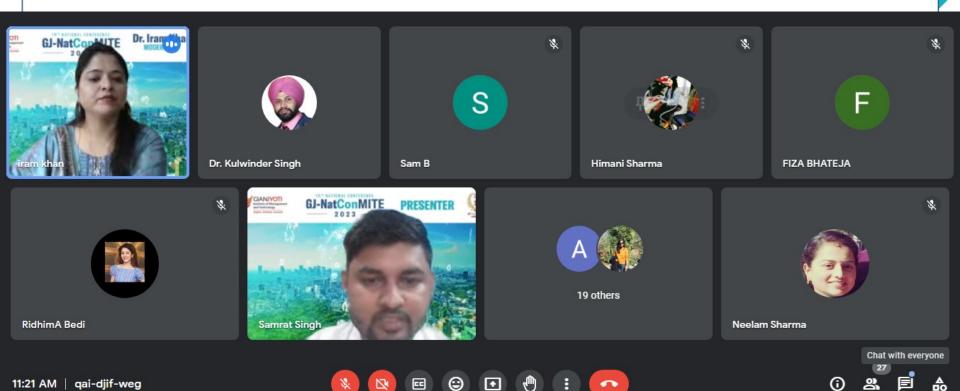


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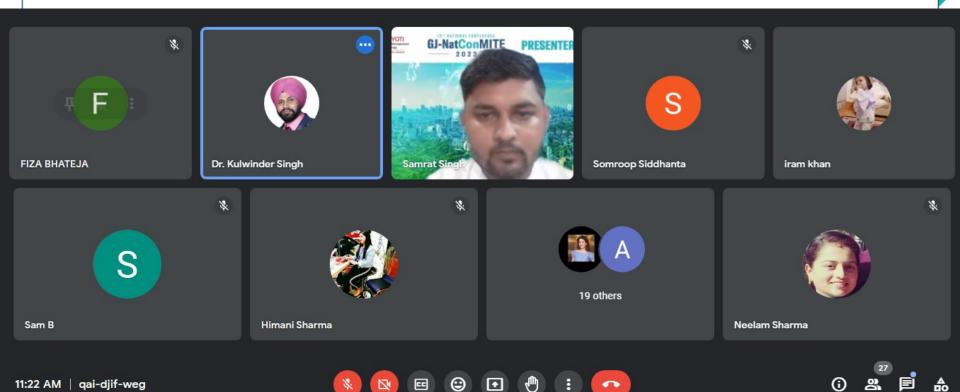






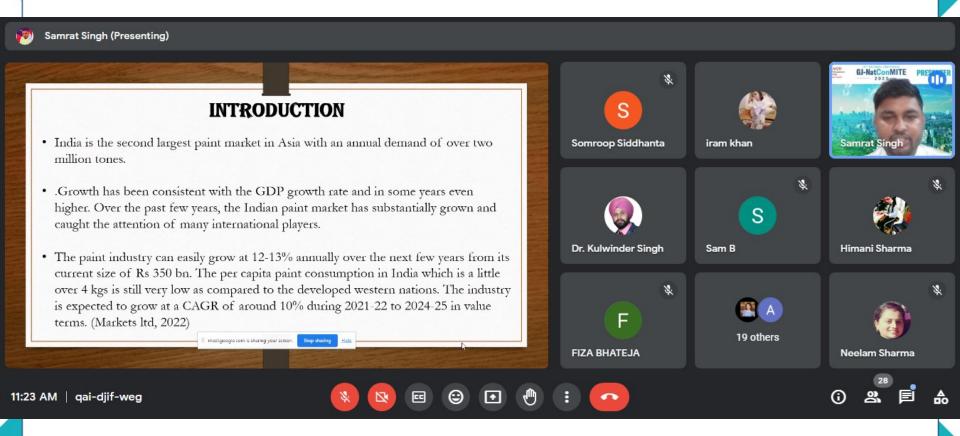






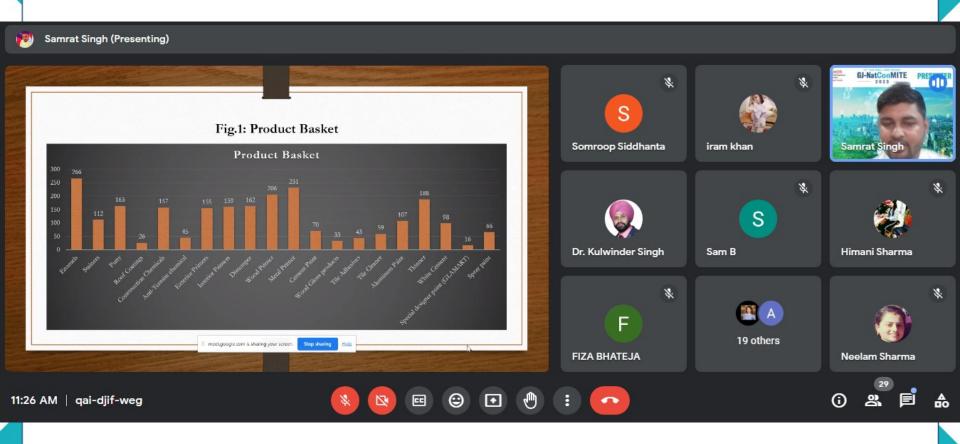






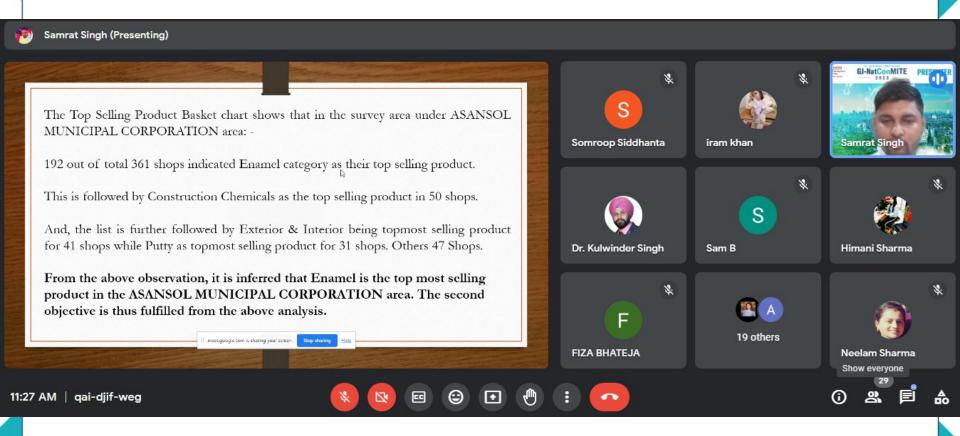
















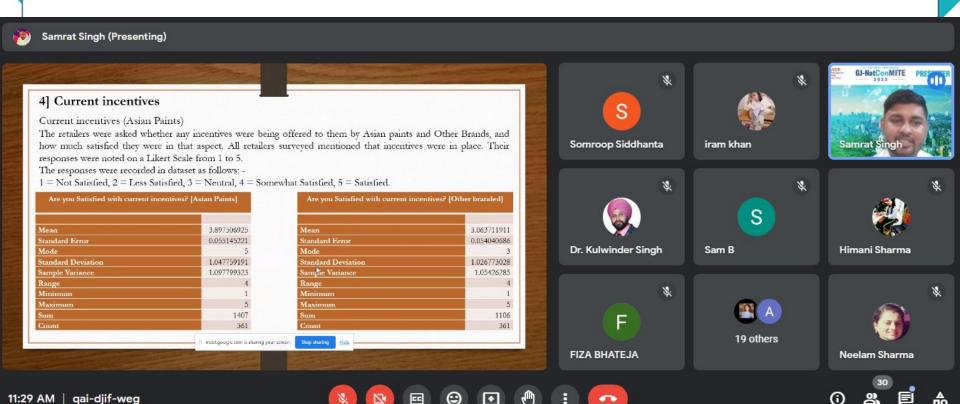
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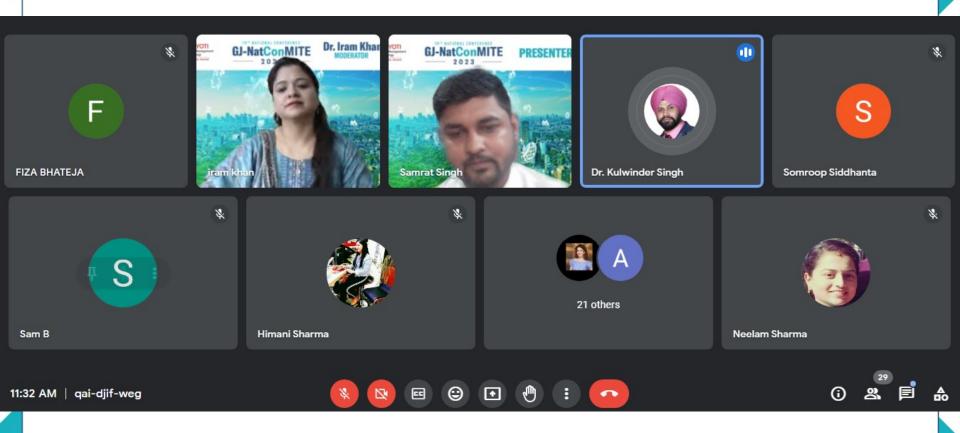






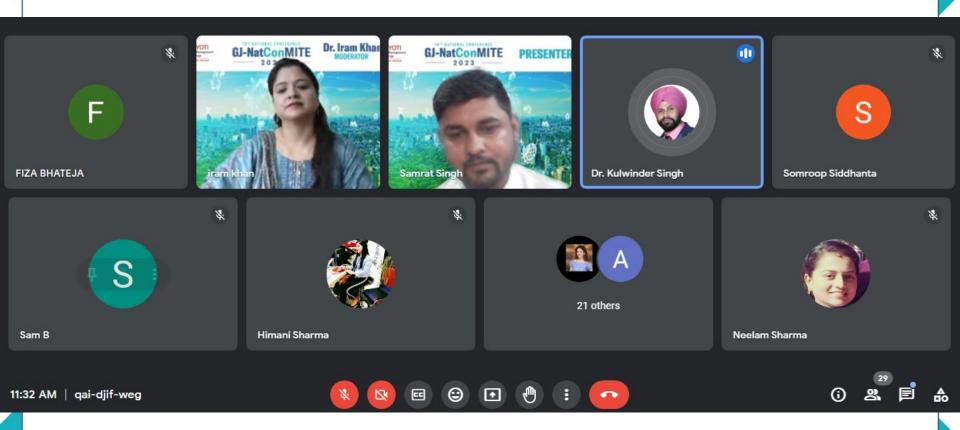






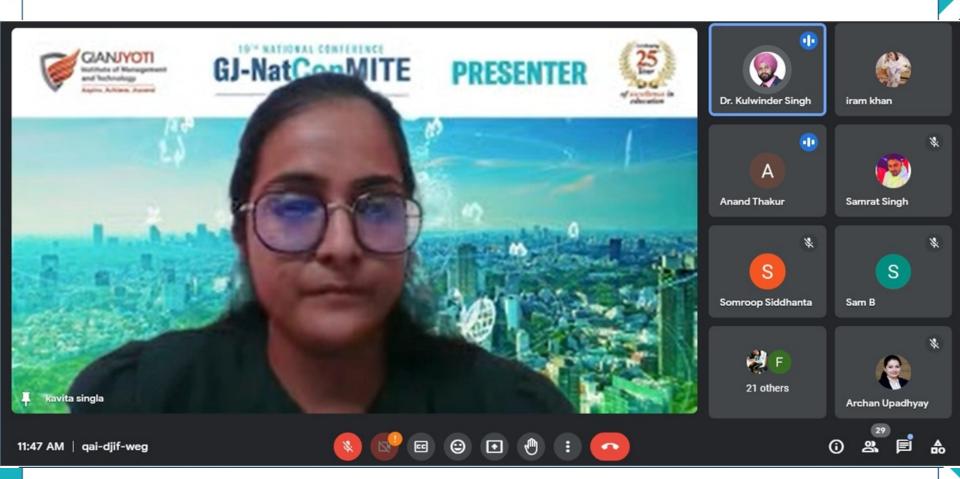






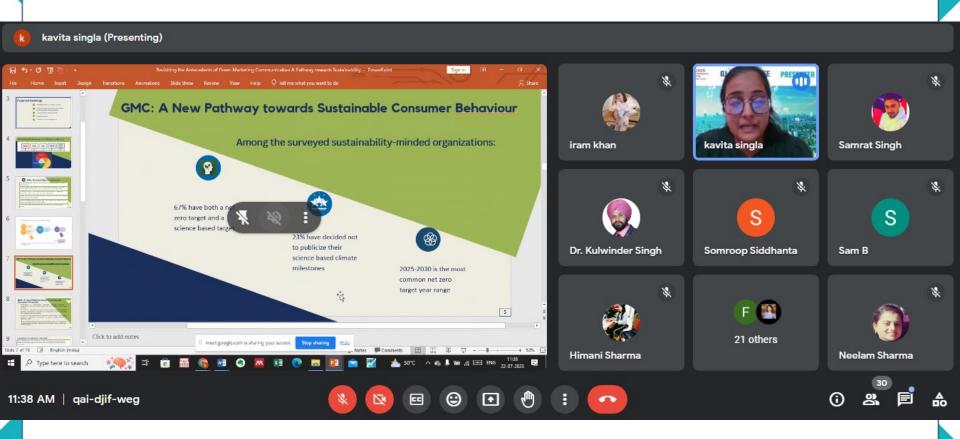






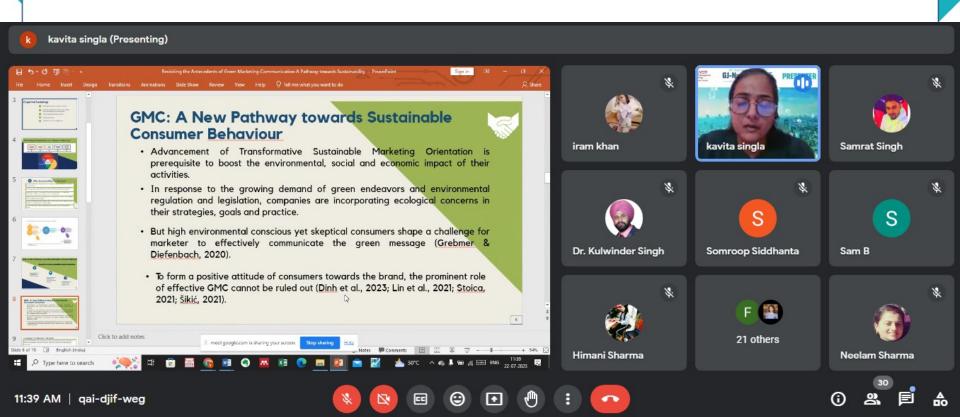








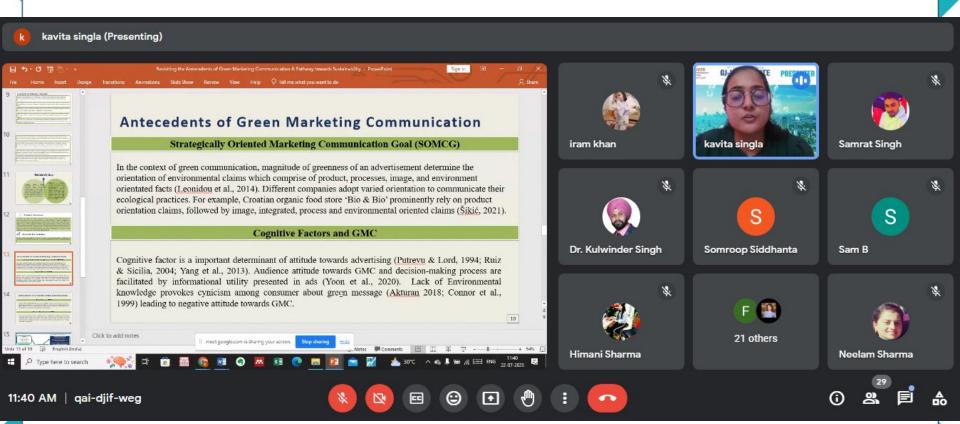








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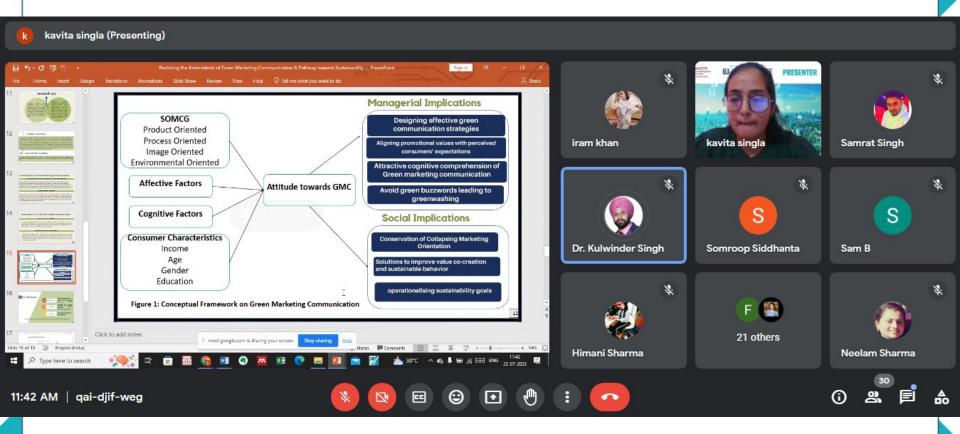






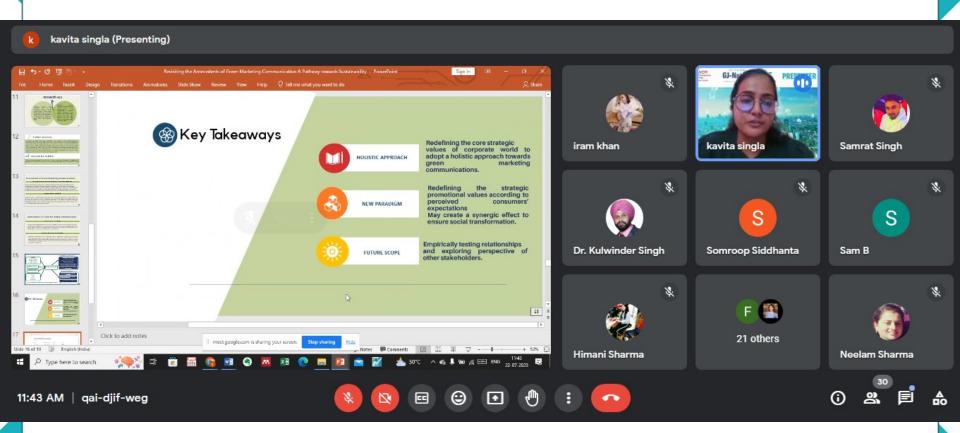
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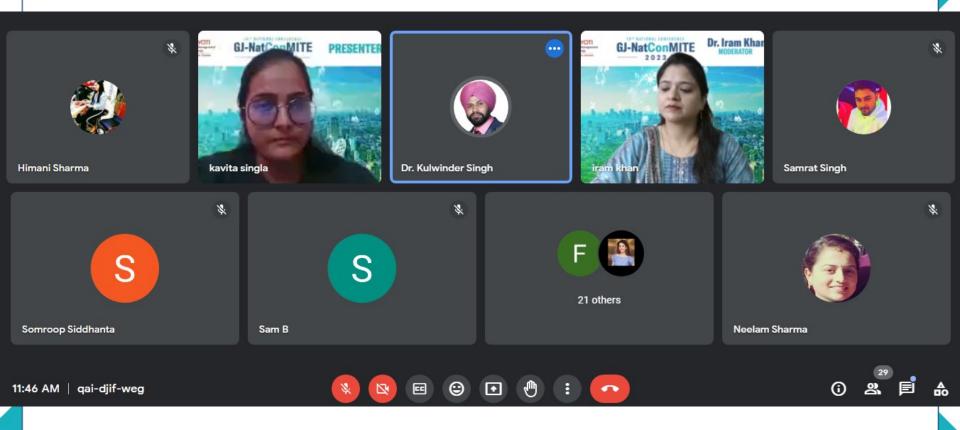






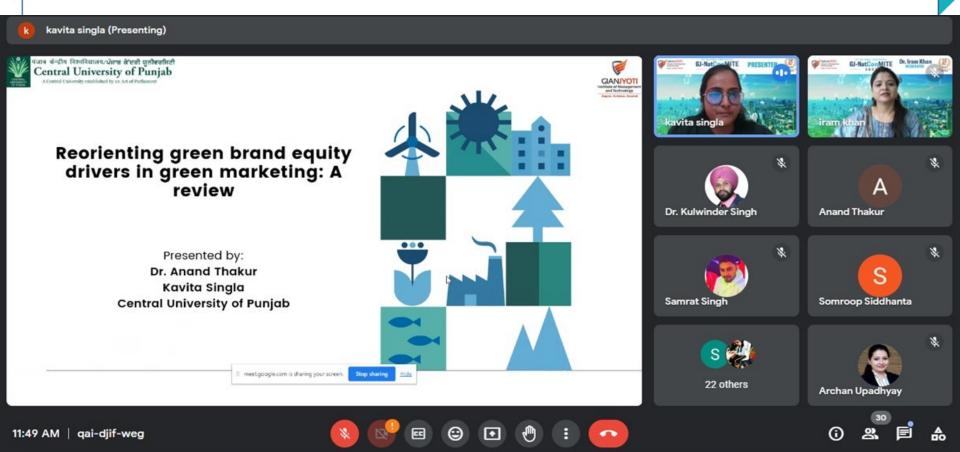












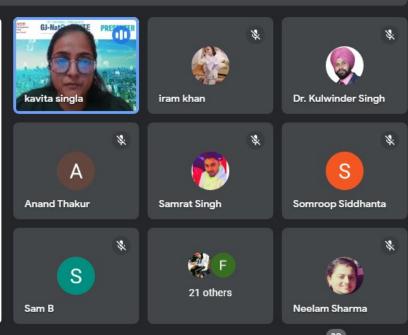




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kavita singla (Presenting)





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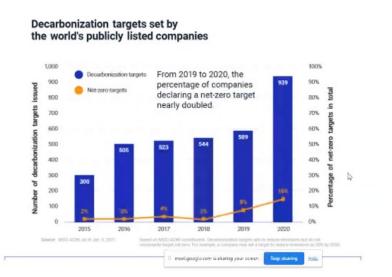


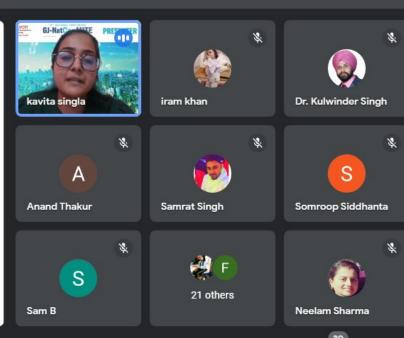




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kavita singla (Presenting)





















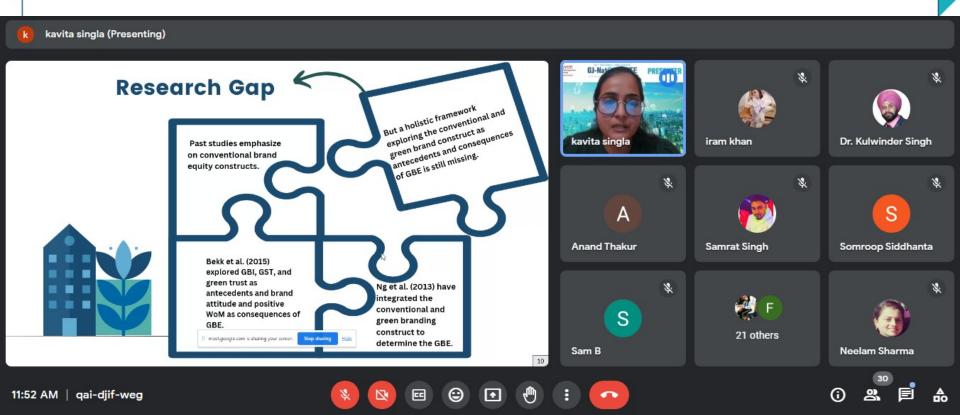








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kavita singla (Presenting)



Need of the Study



Abundant literature is available, exploring the strategies to strengthen brand equity. But the integrated framework in context of green brand equity defining the antecedents and outcomes is still underexplored. Comprehensive framework of brand-related dimensions may help the marketers to revisit their underlying process of building brand equity and strategically strengthen their GBE.



Research Methodology

The study is being executed in two phases. In phase I, conceptual framework is developed and presented in this study. Empirical testing of the proposed framework will be conducted in Phase II.























11:53 AM | qai-djif-weg





























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kavita singla (Presenting) Figure 1: Conceptual Framework on Green Brand Equity ANTECEDENTS OUTCOMES Green Perceived Quality kavita singla iram khan Dr. Kulwinder Singh Green Brand Image Conceptual Green Brand Loyalty Environmentally Responsible Purchase **Framework** Intention Green Brand Association Green Brand Equity Anand Thakur Samrat Singh Somroop Siddhanta Green Brand Awareness Green Brand Green Word of Satisfaction Mouth S Green Brand Trust 21 others meet google com is sharing your screen. Sam B **Neelam Sharma (2) EE** • 11:53 AM qai-djif-weg





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kavita singla (Presenting)

Key Takeaways & Future Scope

Despite tremendous efforts, companies are falling behind to strengthen their green brand equity. Need of the hour is to reorient their underlying process to build the brand equity in green context.

Integration of conventional and modern green dimensions of brand equity can assist the marketers to strategically build strong GBE.

1

Study is predominantly focused on brand related attributes. Other constructs for example, consumers personal values, personality traits, green marketing, role of social media marketing activities which directly influence the green brand equity may also be explored.









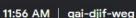




































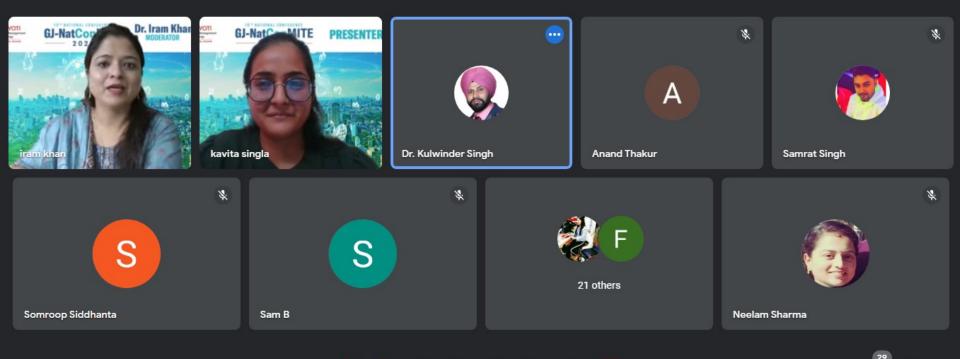
kavita singla (Presenting) GJ-NatConMITE PRESENTER ■ 点 ☆ 図 * □ () * kavita singla (You, presenting) * # # B * 3 0 iram khan Dr. Kulwinder Singh **Anand Thakur** Samrat Singh Somroop Siddhanta 🔸 🗗 🖼 😉 📵 🐮 🗄 21 others Sam B **Neelam Sharma** 醞 • 11:57 AM | qai-djif-weg



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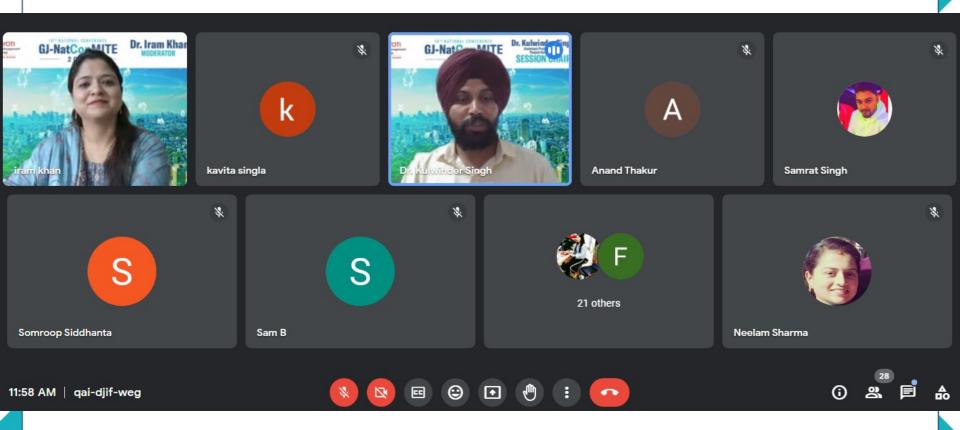


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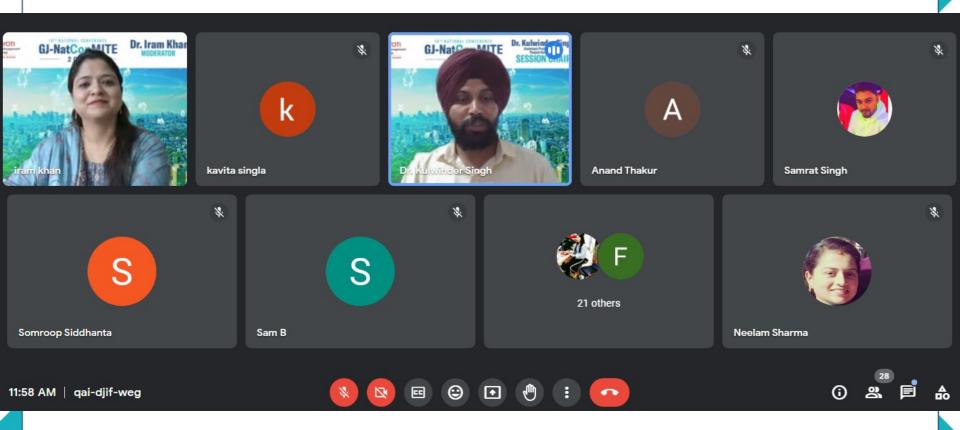






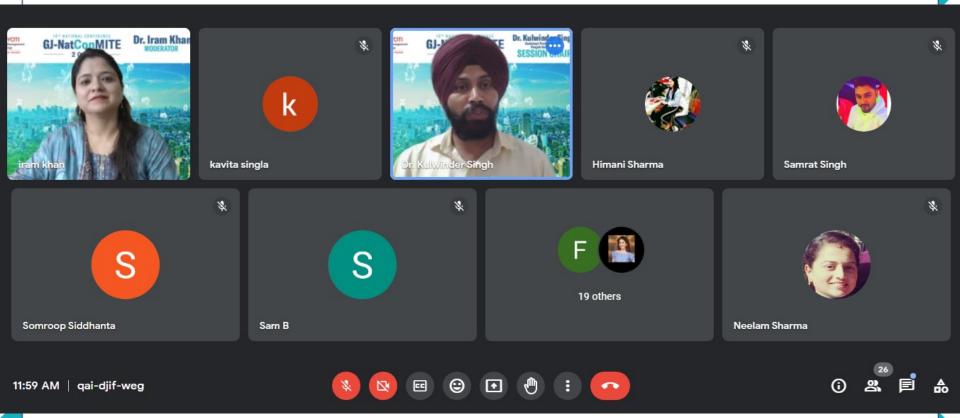






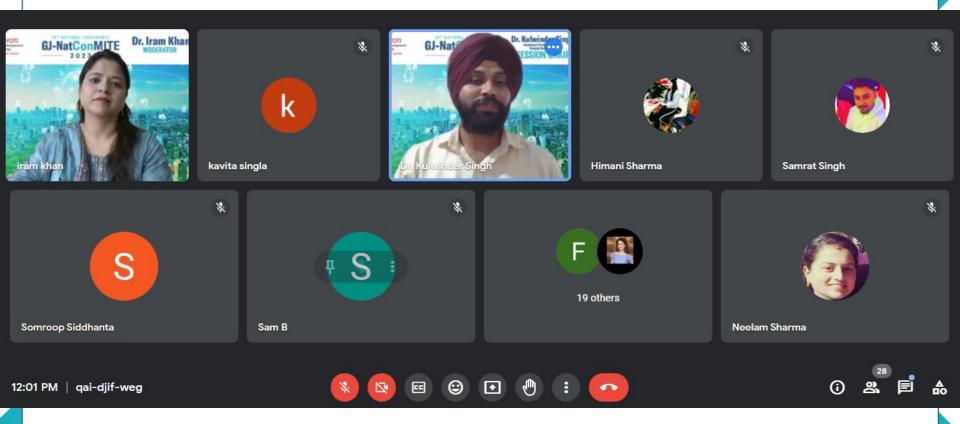


















Research Track on IT and HRM

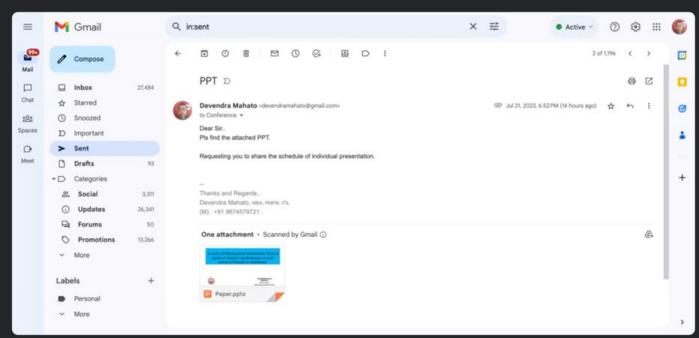
Session Chair: Dr. Neha Gulati, Assistant Professor, UBS, Panjab University

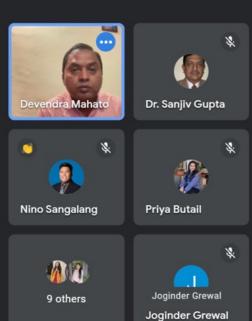




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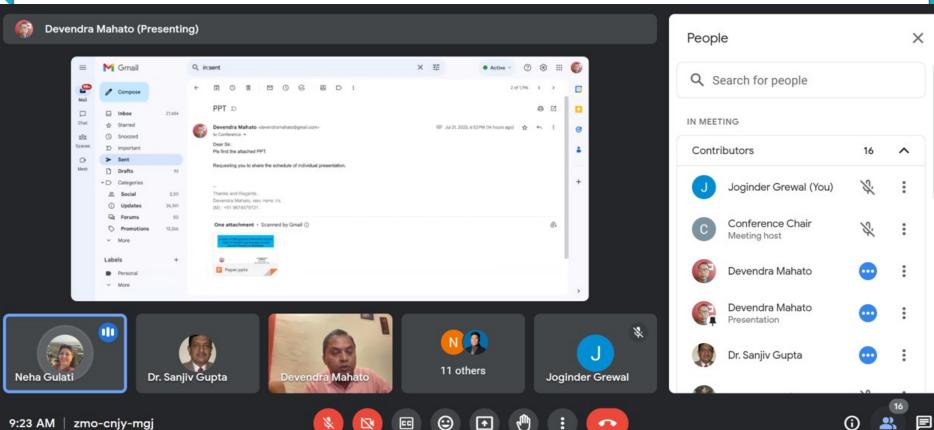




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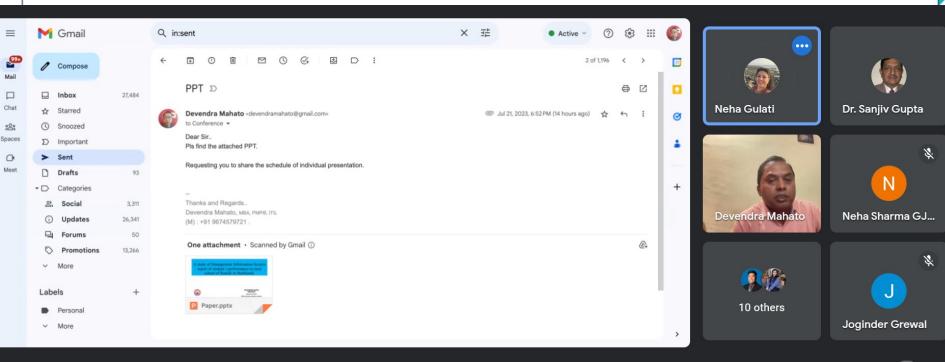
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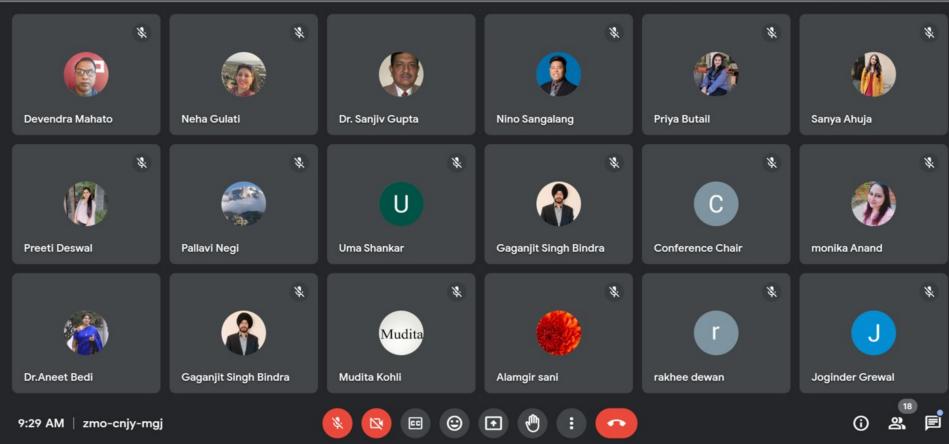






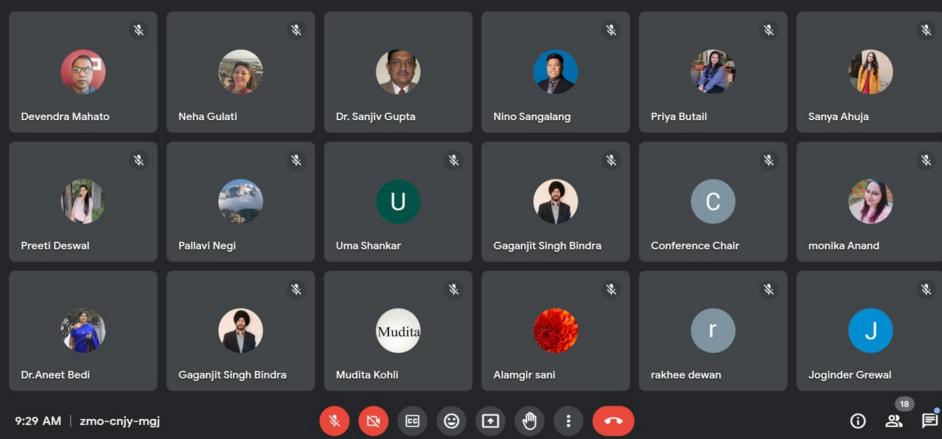






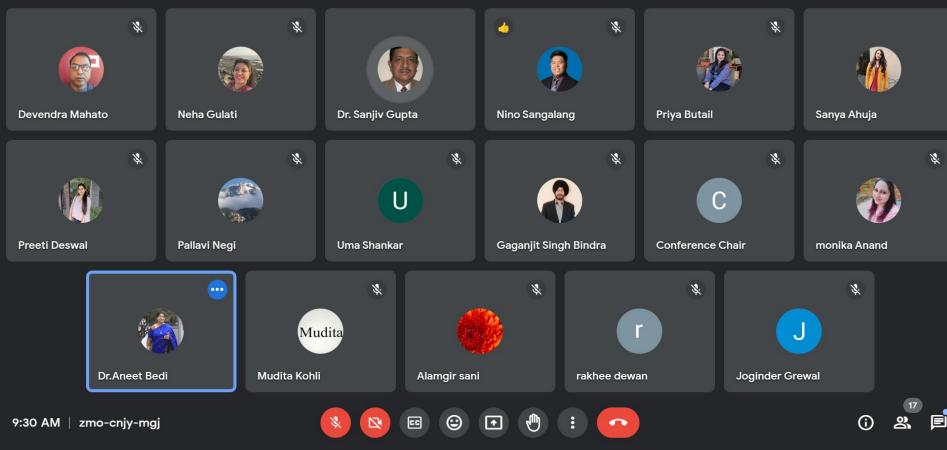
























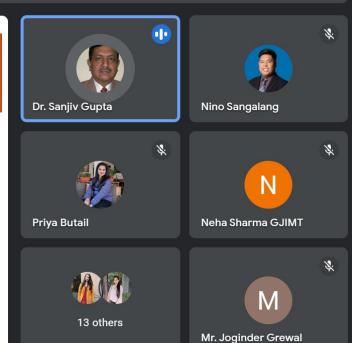


Dr. Sanjiv Gupta (Presenting)

First industrial Revolution

- 1760-1820
- Production shifted from Hand Production to Machine production
- · Textile was dominant industry
- · Employment, Value of Output and Capital investment took a big leap
- · Ensured product quality by relying on the skill of workers





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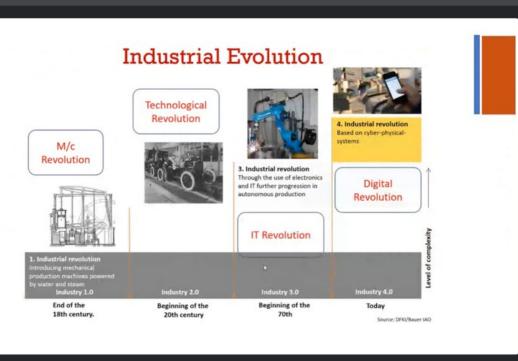


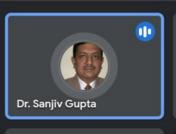






Dr. Sanjiv Gupta (Presenting)















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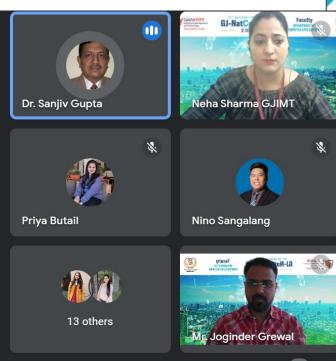




Industry 4.0

Moller, Vakilzadian and Hass (2022)

- (i) cyber systems that translated into operating of machines by computerbased algorithms
- · (ii) Internet of things (interconnected networks of devices embedded with computerized sensing and monitoring capabilities),
- · (iii) Cloud computing



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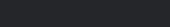


















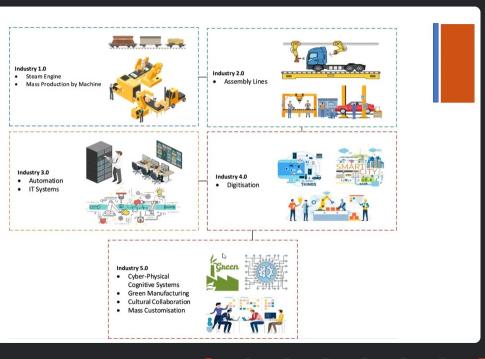


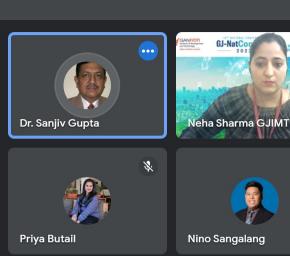


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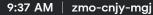
Dr. Sanjiv Gupta (Presenting)

































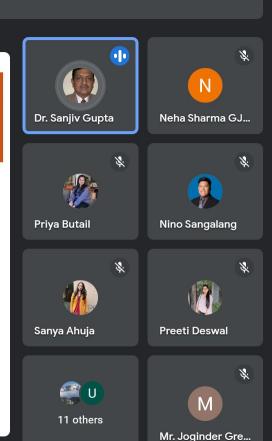




Dr. Sanjiv Gupta (Presenting)

Technology of Industry 5.0

- · Designing and Integration of cyber-physical production systems involving human aspect
- · Automatic identification and traceability
- Information sharing through 6G network
- Artificial Intelligence based system for organising and supervising new processes.
- Industrial simulations for design and calibration of new components and processes
- Use of Augmented reality for intelligent decision making
- Robots for real time collaboration with humans
- Development of Digital Twins (virtual model designed to accurately reflect a physical object)



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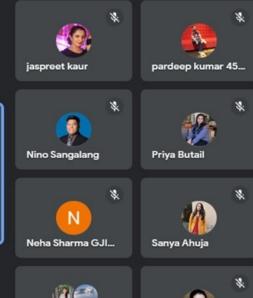


Dr. Sanjiv Gupta (Presenting)

Conclusion

- Paradigm and orientation shift from technologically advanced production systems to human centric production systems that are moving towards customisation.
- The paradigm shift also from technology- commanded humans to a more collaborative approach, wherein humans can use the technology to advantage
- Advancement of digital technology of 4.0 will be used in 5.0 along with creation of values for humans.
- Require the workforce to be resilient and digital savvy within the domain of industrial regulation and sustainable environment.
- Complete adoption of Industry 5.0 is likely to take more time as some of the developing countries are still struggling with the problems of the digital turn





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12 others





Archan Upadhyay





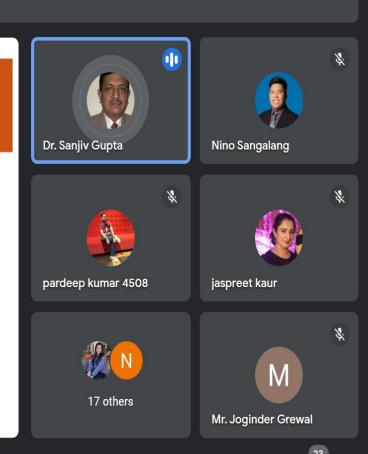




Dr. Sanjiv Gupta (Presenting)

Limitations of Industry 5.0

- Challenge is acceptance and implementation within the industrial law and regulation
- Cognitive computing requires converting thoughts of humans into computerised models. Self-learning algorithms, recognition of natural language, understanding natural user interface like gestures are the challenges being faced by industry 5.0.
- The availability of infrastructure, skilled manpower in developed countries will
 help them to adopt new innovations quickly whereas developing countries are
 likely to delay its adoption.

















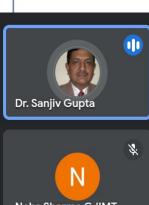


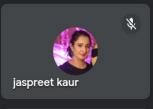




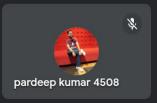


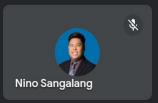


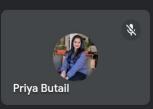






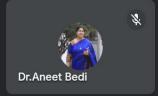


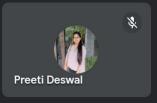










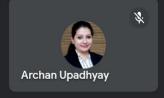




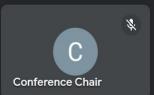












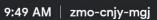
































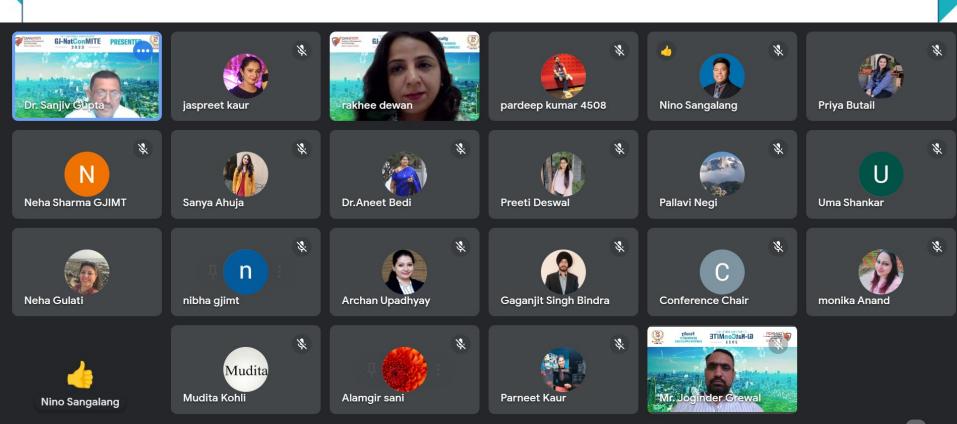


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Nino Sangalang (Presenting)

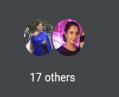














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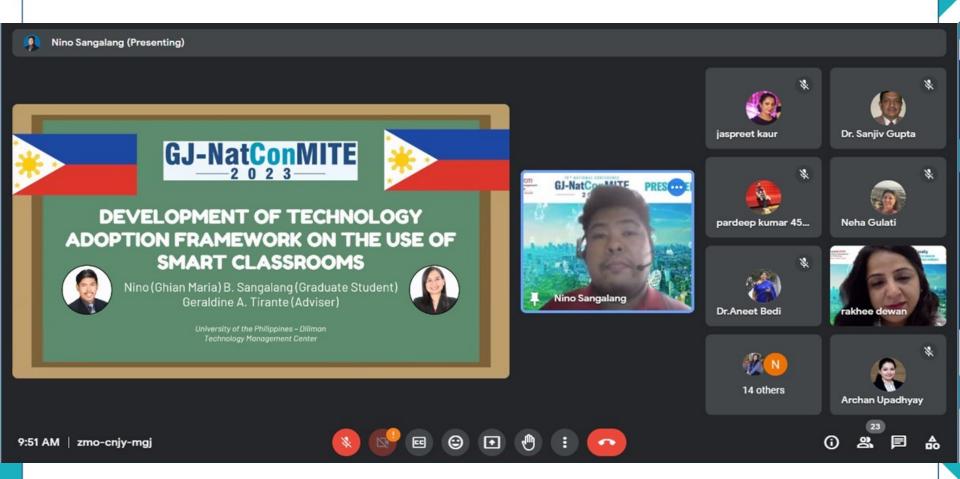














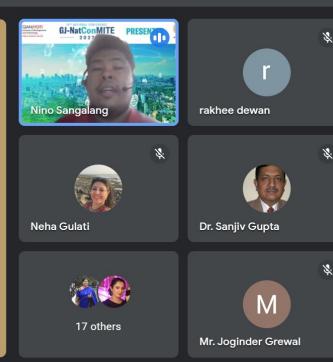




Nino Sangalang (Presenting)

CONCLUSION

- Students have a positive experience with smart classrooms and find them beneficial for their learning experience.
- Smart classrooms have the potential to improve teaching and student engagement with proper maintenance, technical training, and monitoring.
- The technology adoption framework can help educational institutions set up smart classrooms by analyzing data and customizing components to meet specific needs.



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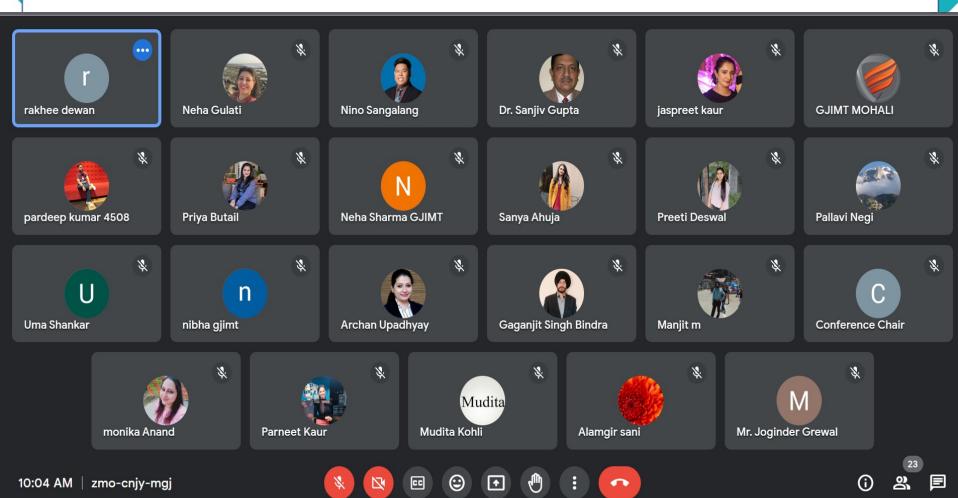








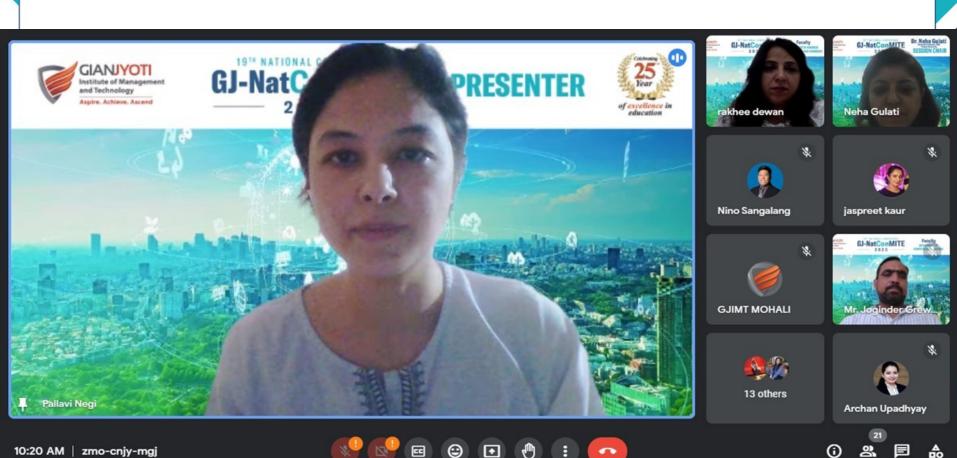








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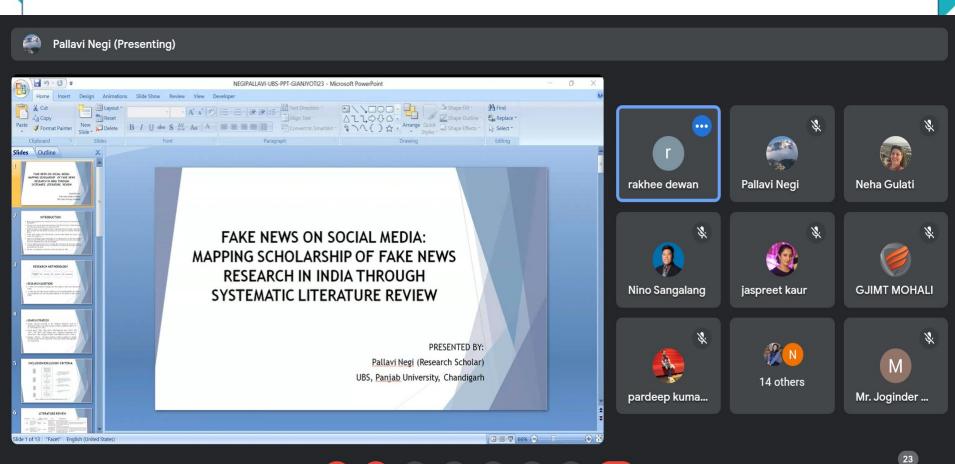




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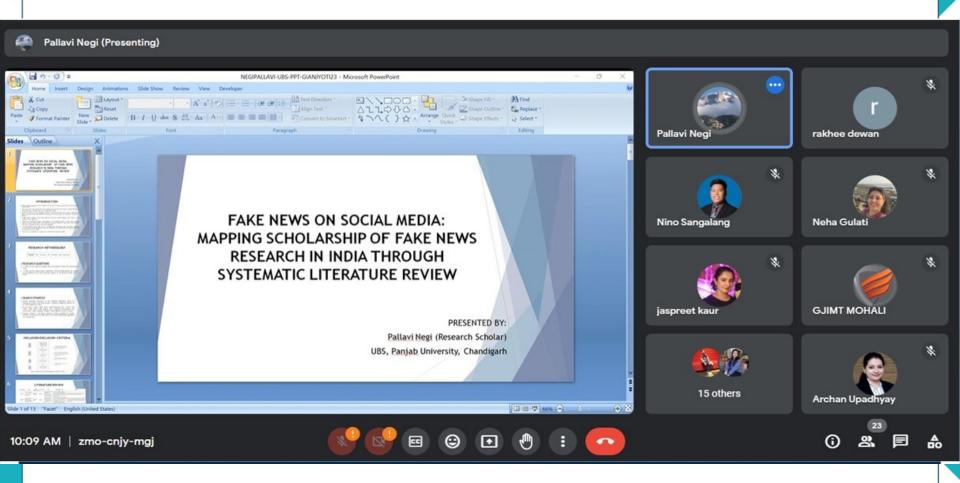
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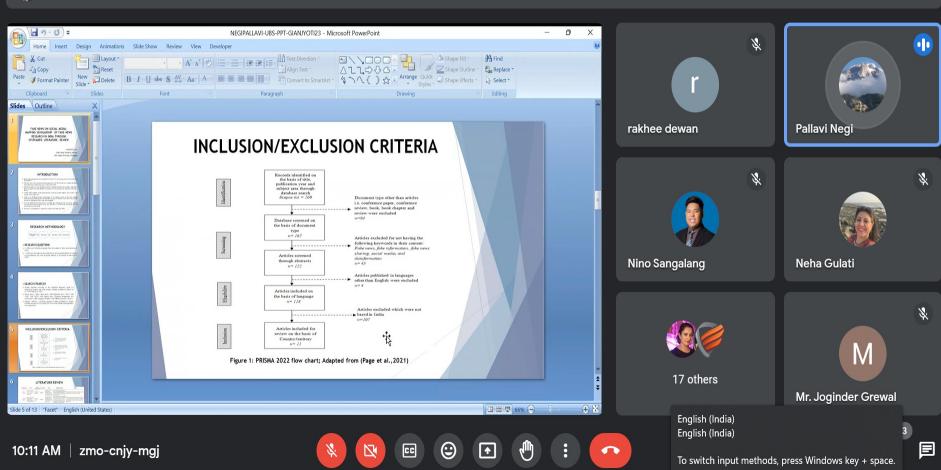








Pallavi Negi (Presenting)

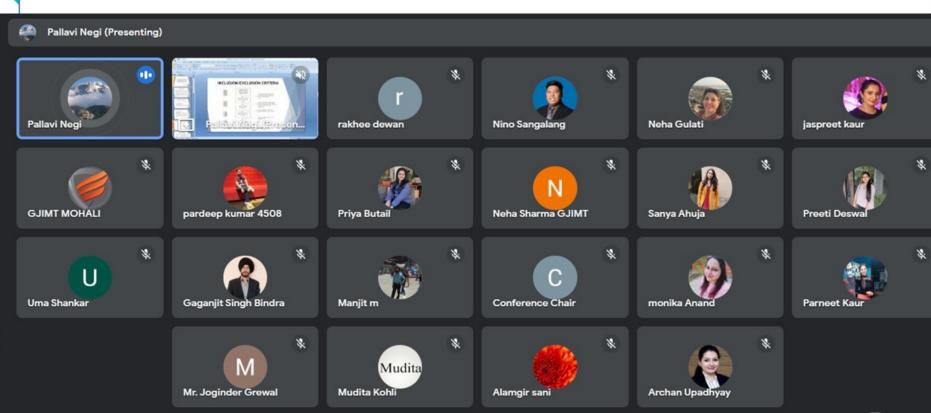




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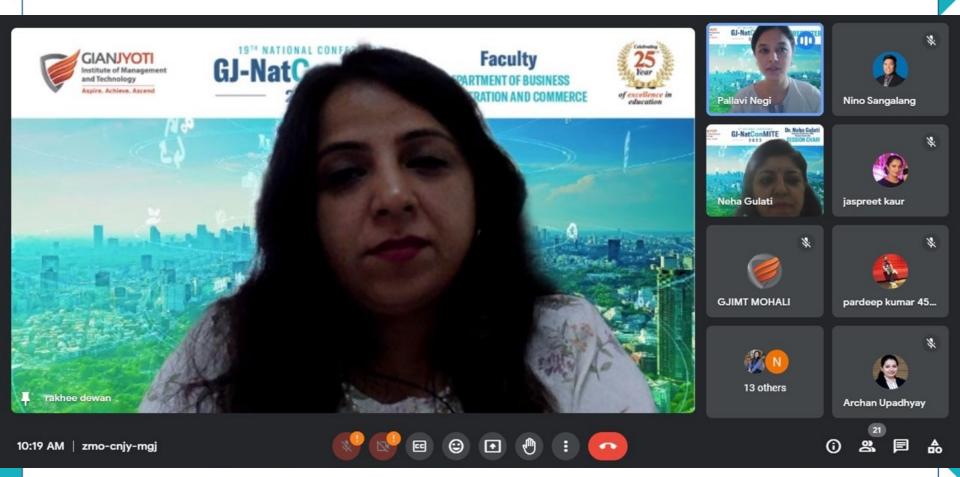




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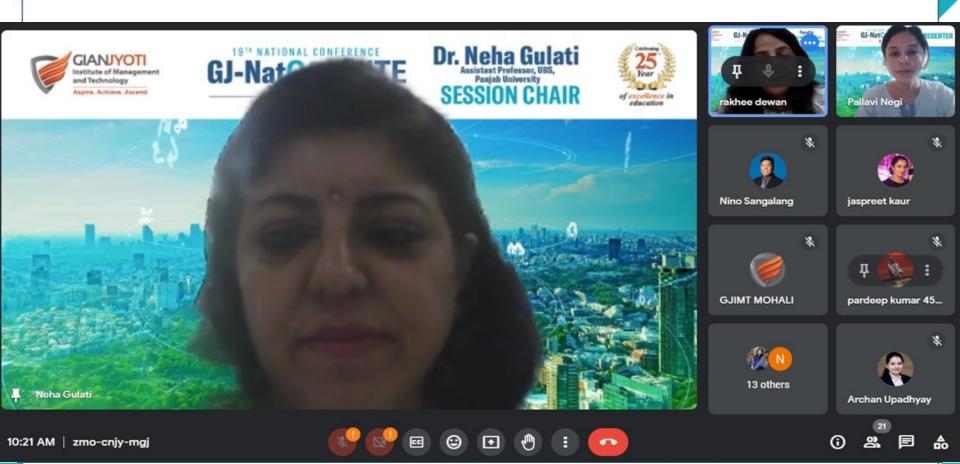
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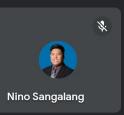




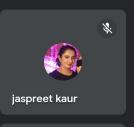




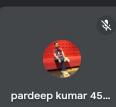








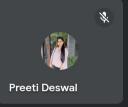




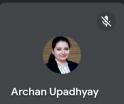








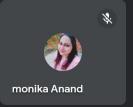










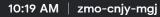






























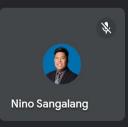




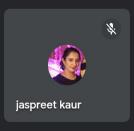












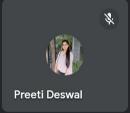




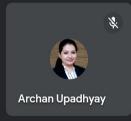








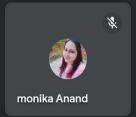




















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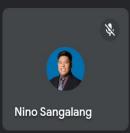


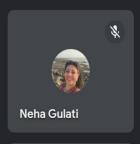


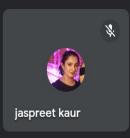












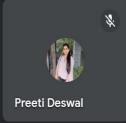




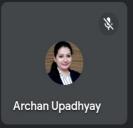






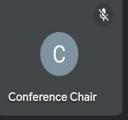


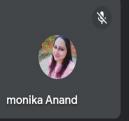










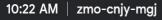
















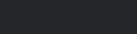












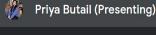
































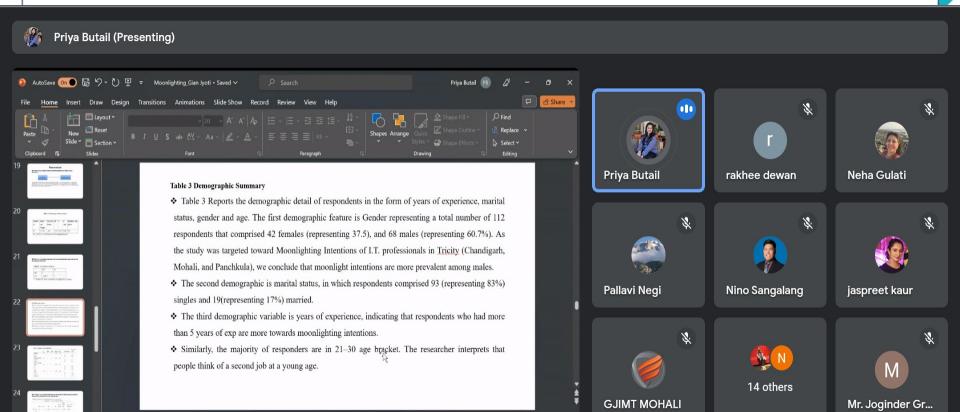








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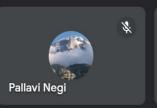


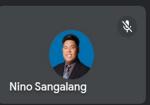


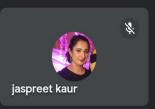




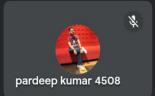








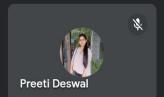








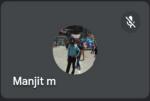


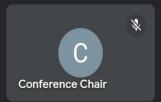




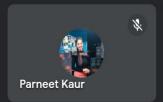


















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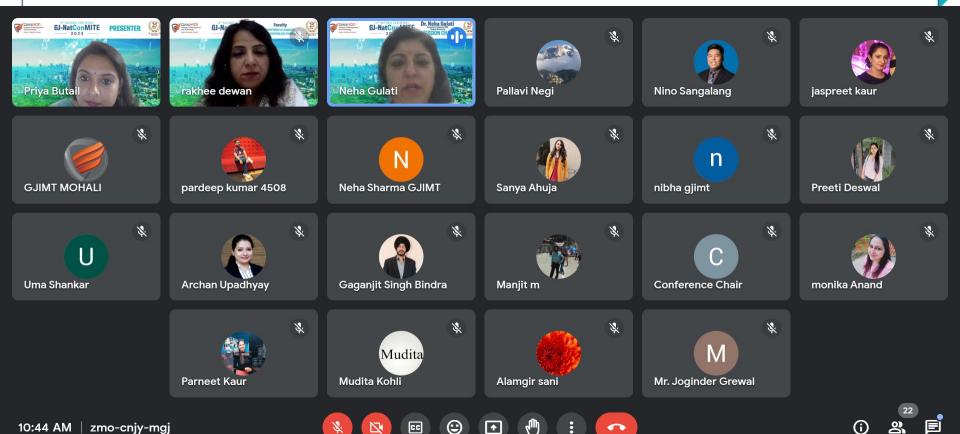








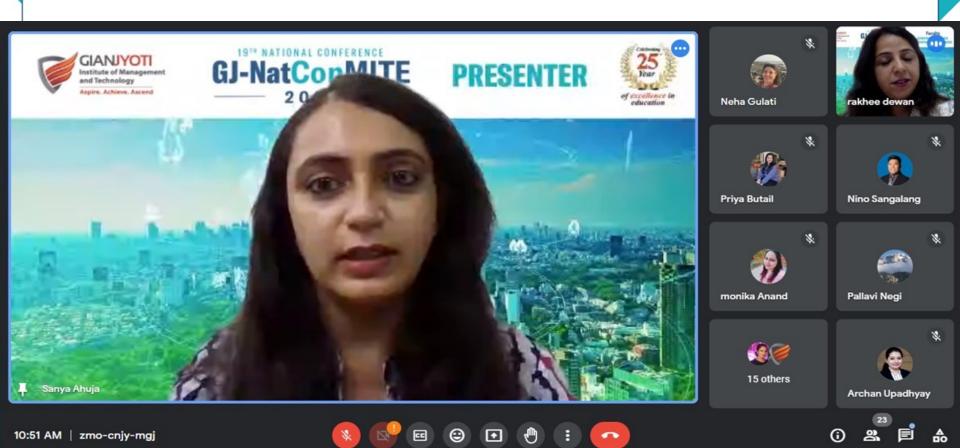






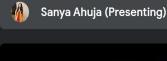


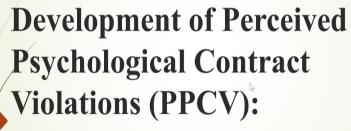
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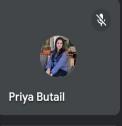
A Theoretical Study

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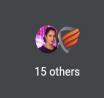














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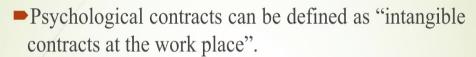








Sanya Ahuja (Presenting)

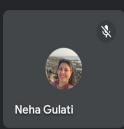


- The term Psychological Contracts was coined by Chris Argyris in the year 1960.
- Psychological contracts are explained as a set of beliefs or perceptions that have been exchanged between the employer and the employee (Herriot, Manning and Kidd, 2002).

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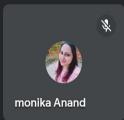


















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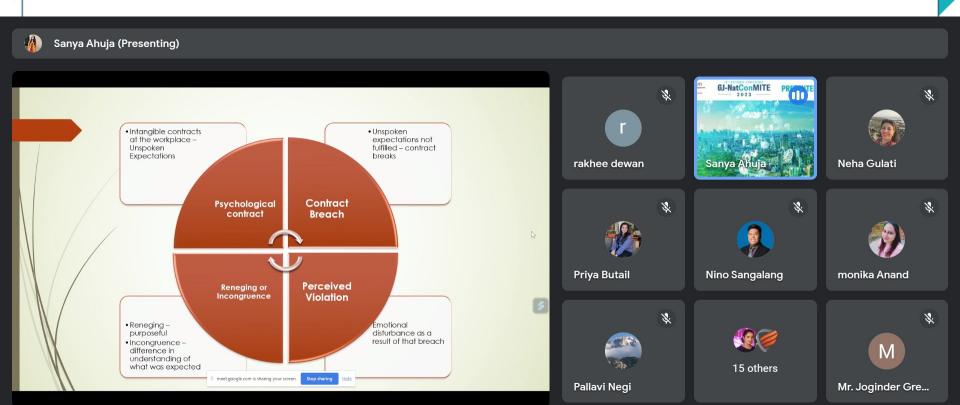
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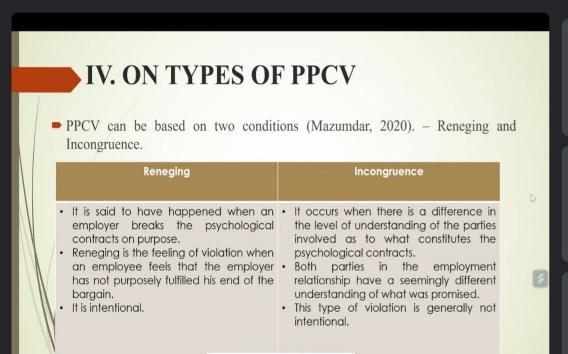




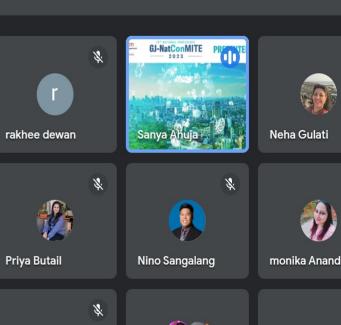
2023



Sanya Ahuja (Presenting)



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15 others

11:05 AM | zmo-cnjy-mgj

















Pallavi Negi





Mr. Joginder Gre...



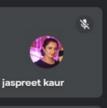


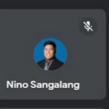


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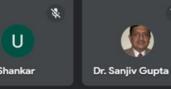


























11:08 AM | zmo-cnjy-mgj

















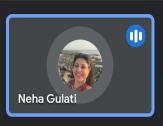










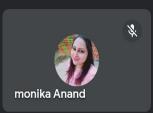




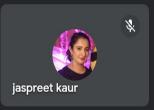










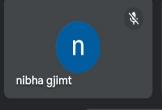


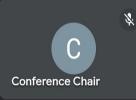


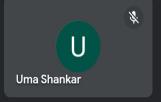




























11:10 AM zmo-cnjy-mgj





















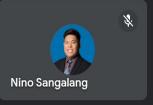




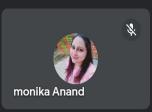


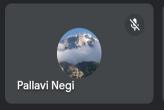


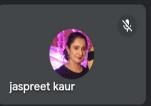




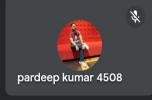






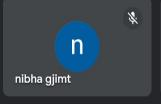


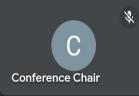










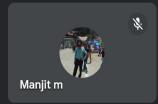




















11:11 AM zmo-cnjy-mgj

















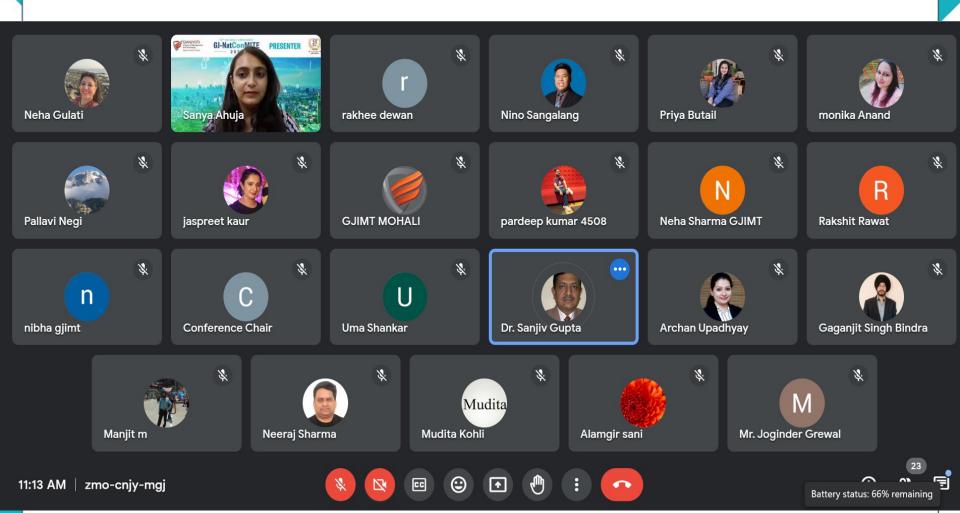






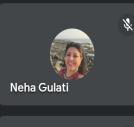






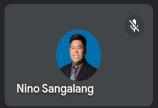








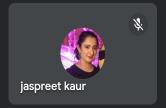




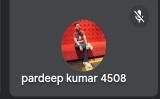






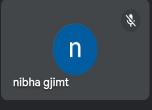








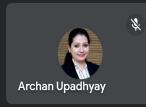




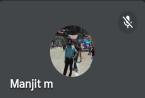












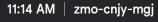
























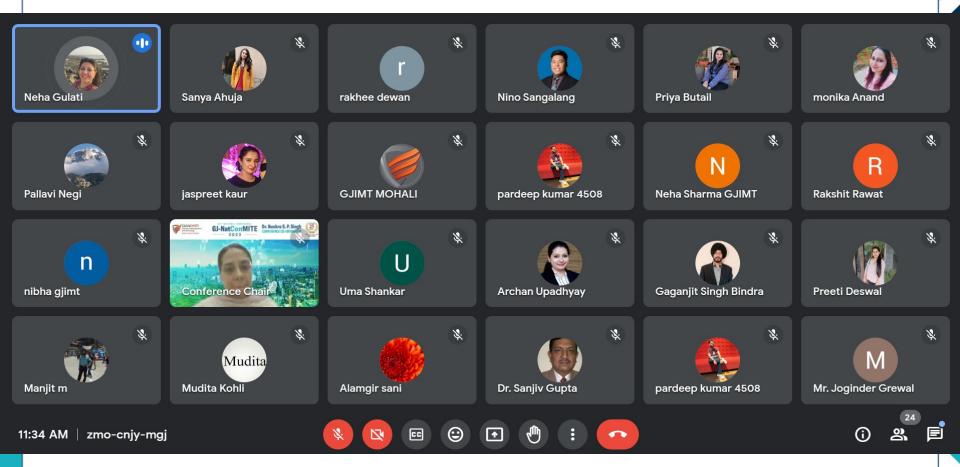








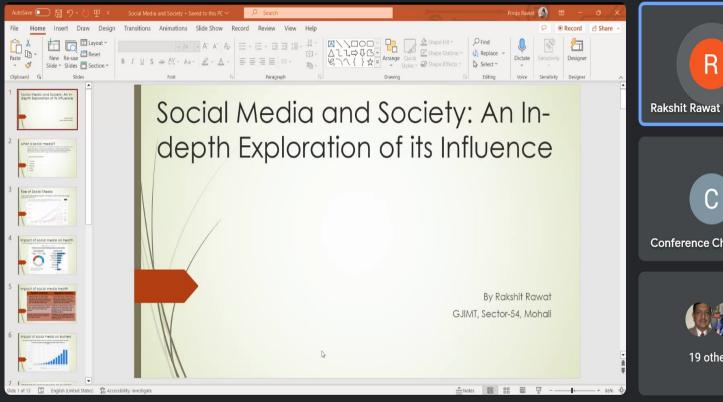






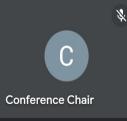


Rakshit Rawat (Presenting)















11:35 AM zmo-cnjy-mgj









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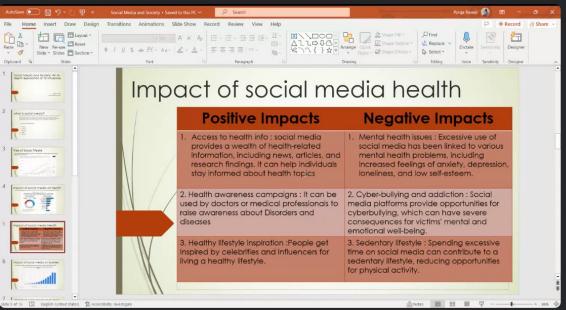








Rakshit Rawat (Presenting)































Mr. Joginder Gre...

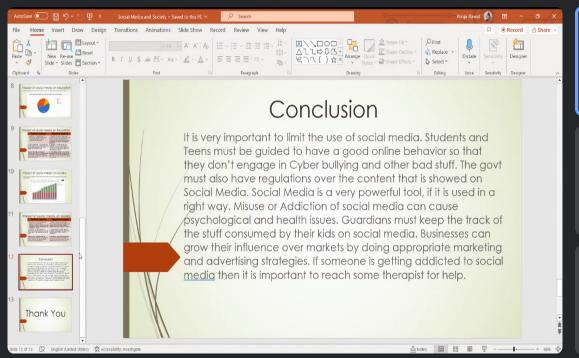


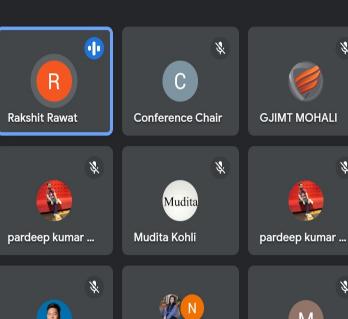




2023

Rakshit Rawat (Presenting)





14 others

11:54 AM | zmo-cnjy-mgj

















Nino Sangalang





M

Mr. Joginder Gre...



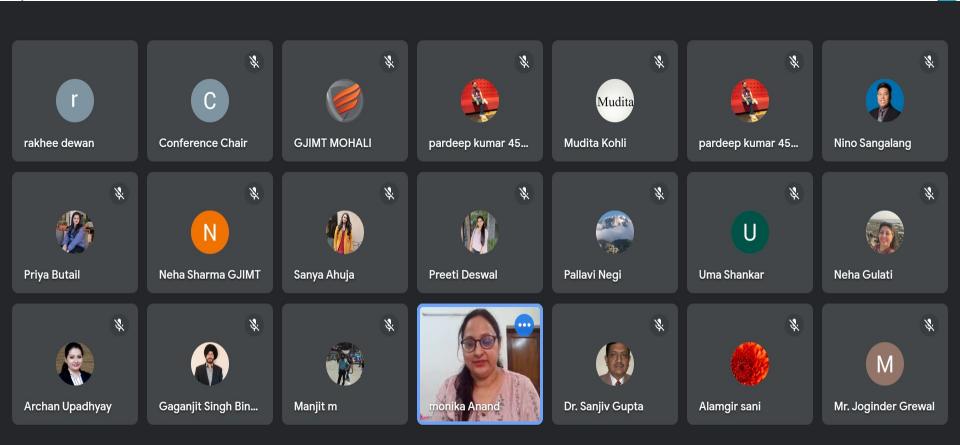
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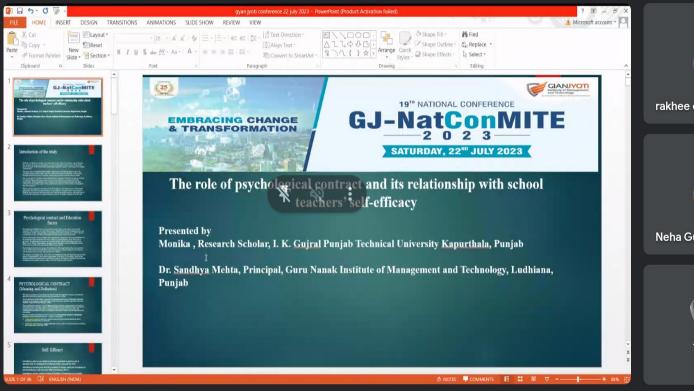
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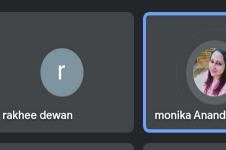
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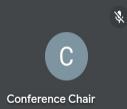


monika Anand (Presenting)













11:57 AM zmo-cnjy-mgj



















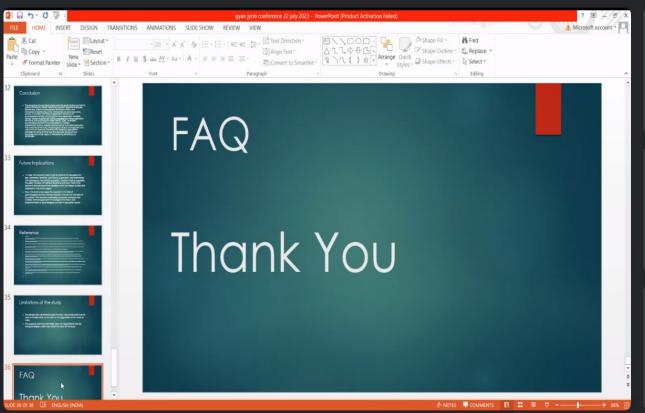




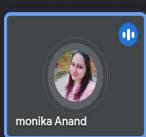


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monika Anand (Presenting)

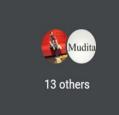














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VALEDICTORY SESSION

Keynote Speaker & Chief Guest: Prof. (Dr.) Sarmistha Sarma, Asian Business School



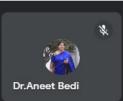


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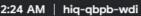




























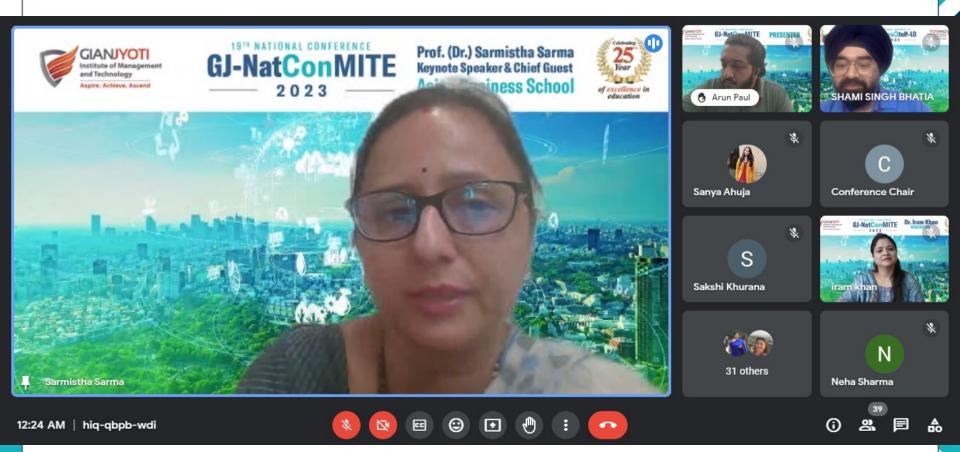








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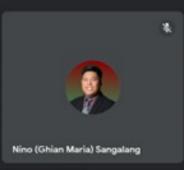










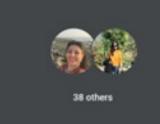














12:37 PM | 19th GJ-NatConMITE 2023: Embracing Change ...

















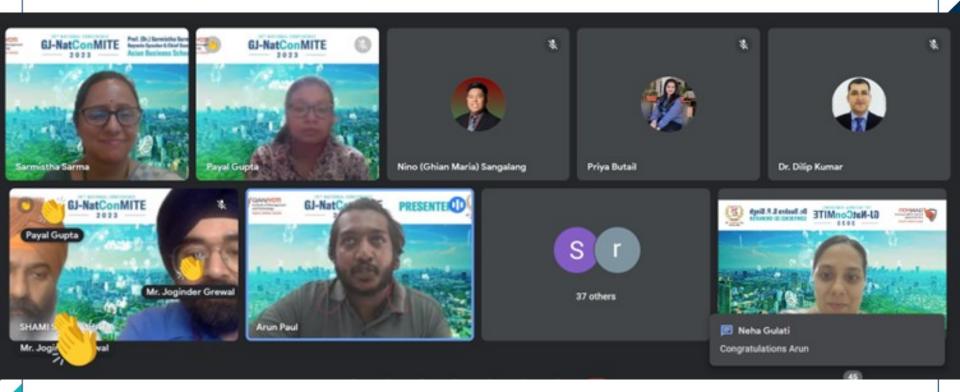


















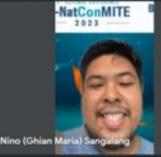
















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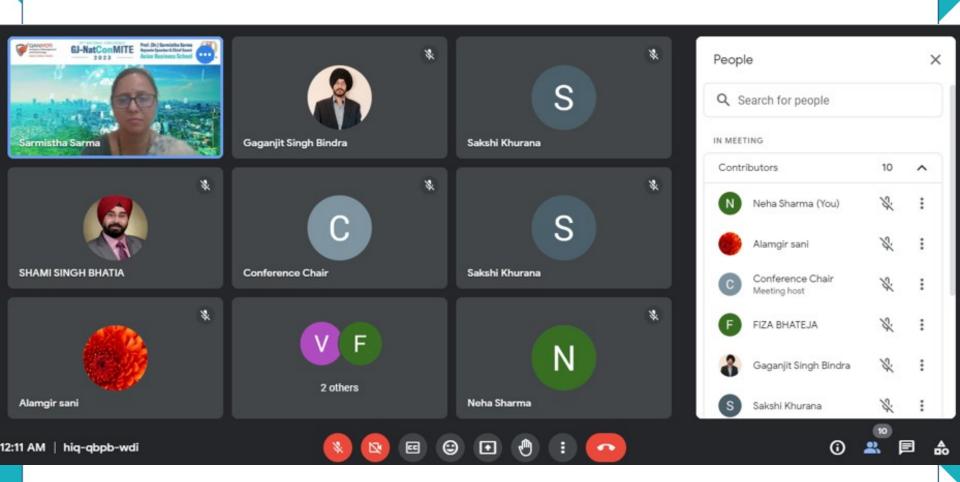








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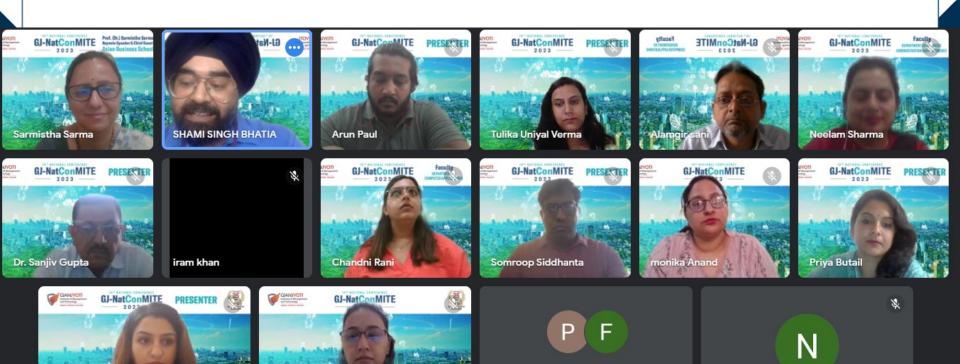
RidhimA Bedi



Anamika Sarao

GJ-NatConMITE 2023

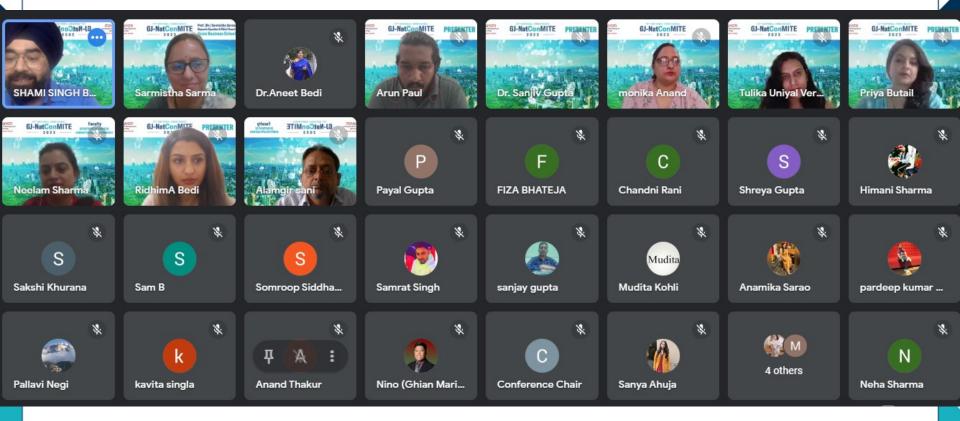
Neha Sharma



22 others







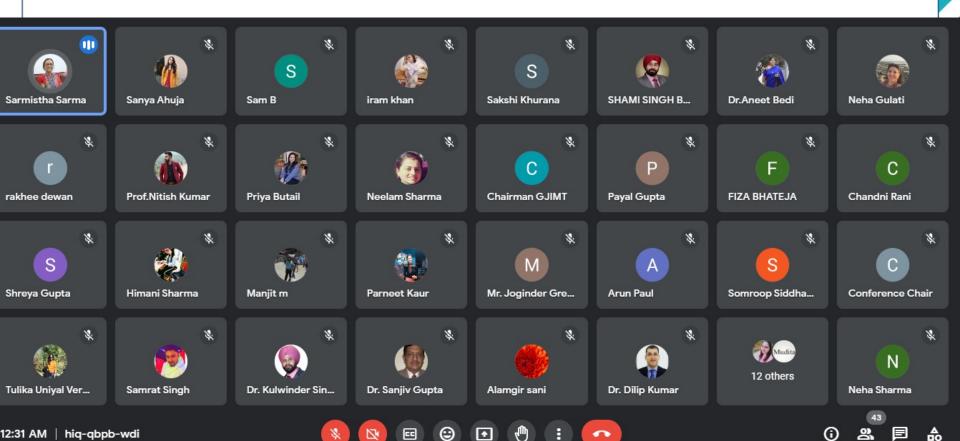




Arun Paul

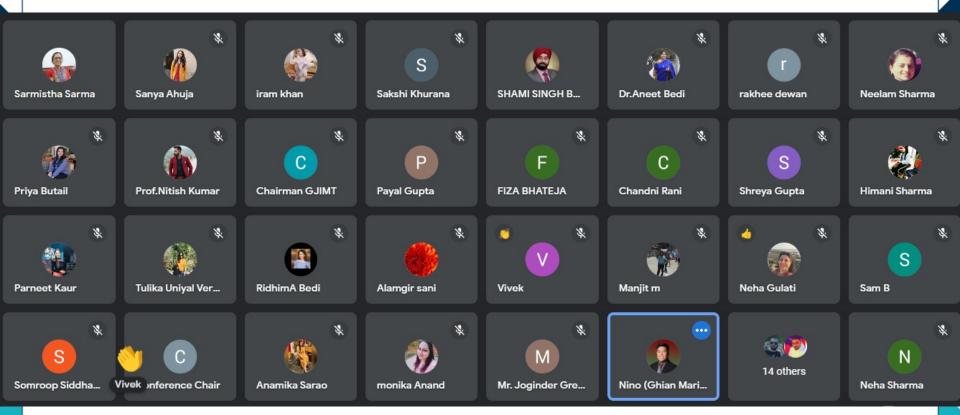






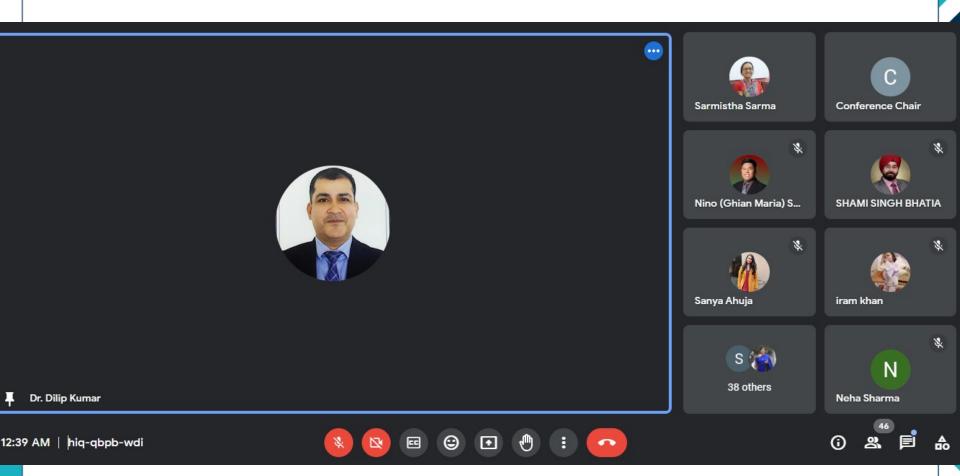






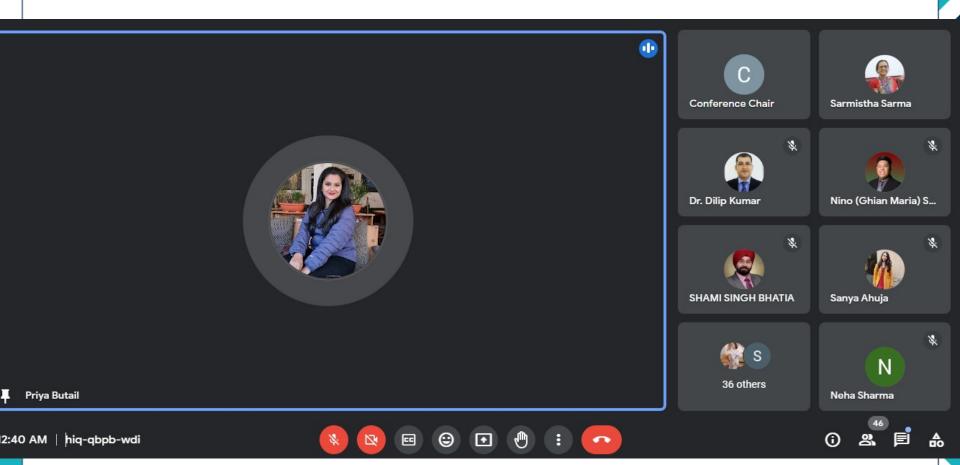






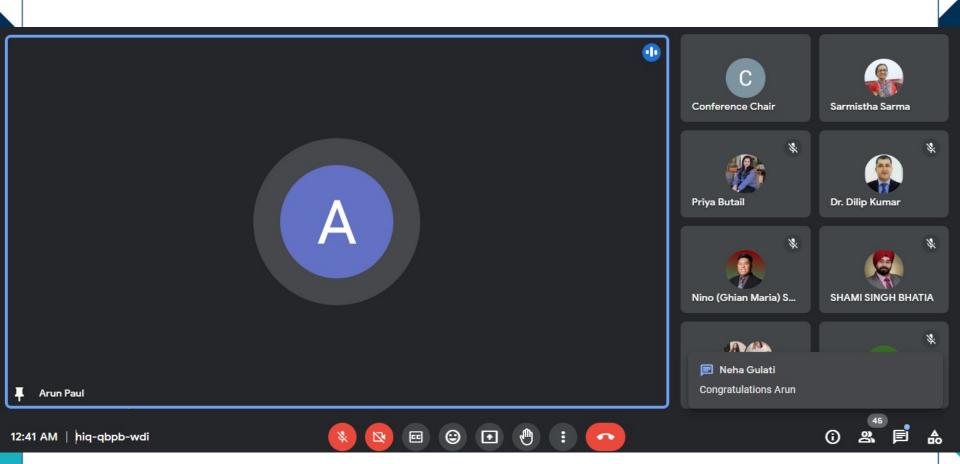






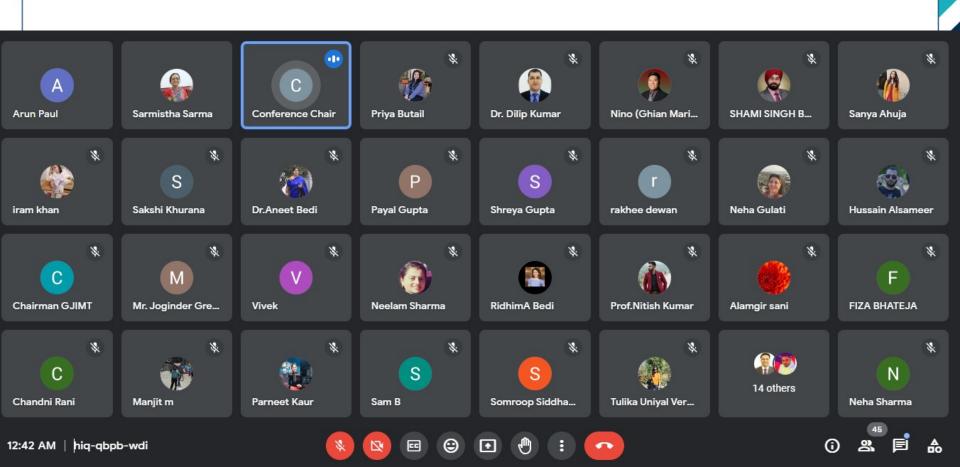






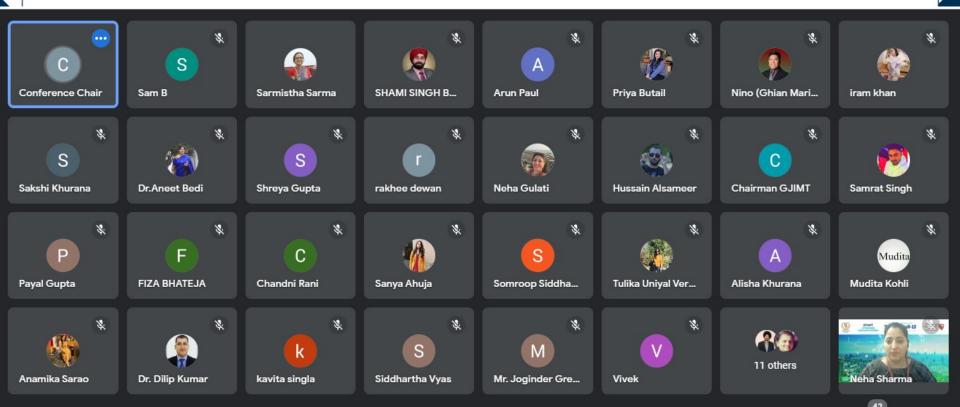






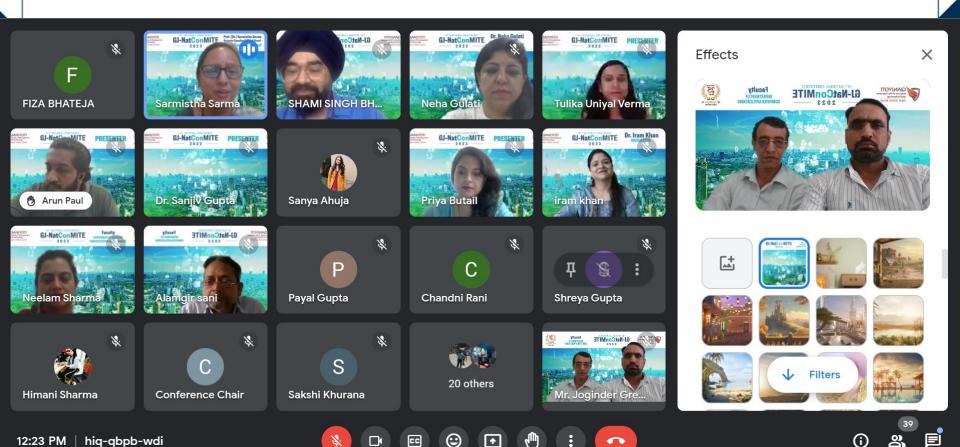






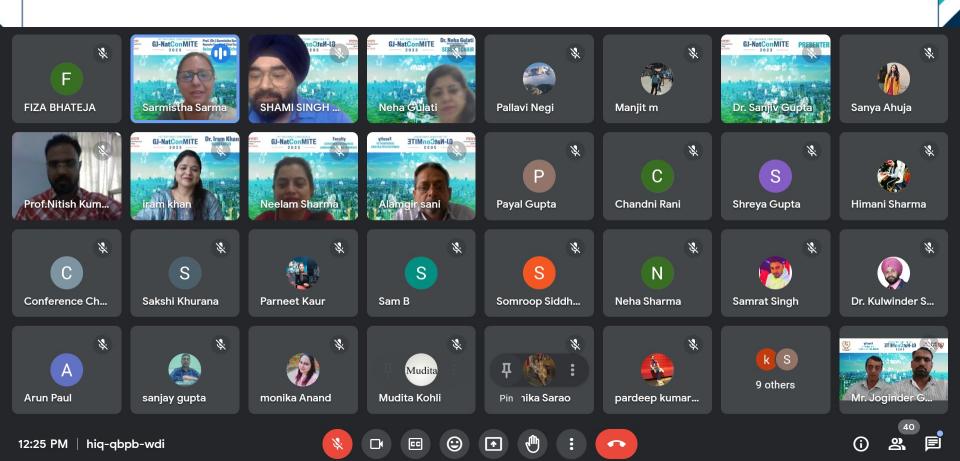








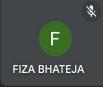






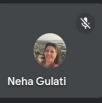


















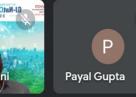










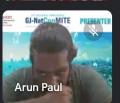


















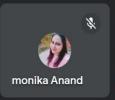












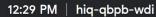


























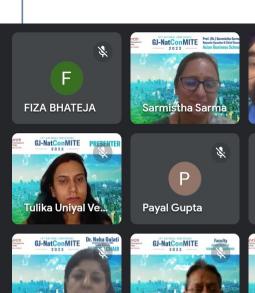












Alamgir sani

Conference Ch.



RidhimA Bedi

Samrat Singh

SHAMI SINGH ...



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Shreya Gupta

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Himani Sharma

Sanya Ahuja

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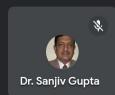




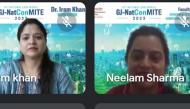
Priya Butail

GJ-NatConMITE

Prof.Nitish Ku...



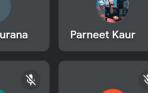






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Sam B

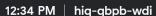












Neha Gulati

N

Neha Sharma

























2023































































12:36 PM | hiq-qbpb-wdi

























19TH NATIONAL CONFERENCE





























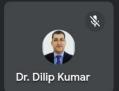




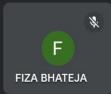


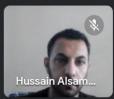
































hiq-qbpb-wdi 12:41 PM



























19TH NATIONAL CONFERENCE









2023















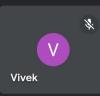






















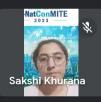




























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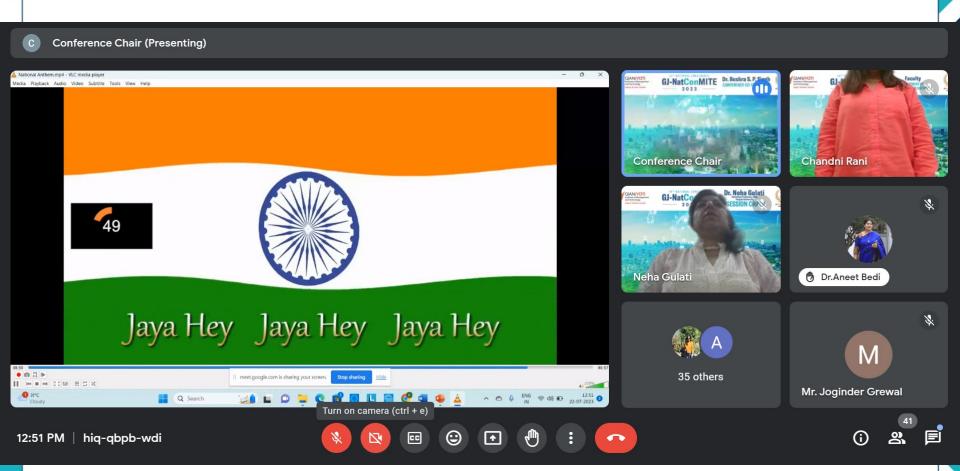












"A good event never ends in the world. They take only a pause and keep us waiting for the next."

Thank you for your participation!

We look forward to seeing you at the 17th GJ-IntConMITE 2023!

