Relevance of A Customer Relationship Management Strategy
In A Developing IT Market
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Abstract

Modifications in customer outlook and in the nature of markets can be recognized worldwide. This is the reason why Customer relationship management (CRM) strategies have become progressively more significant all over the world. Changes have been eminent across the World market, but opportunities present themselves in India and other developing countries for CRM strategies. CRM is an administrative viewpoint that intends to put up long term relationships with customers. CRM can be defined as “the development and maintenance of mutually beneficial long-term relationships with strategically significant customers” Financial services all over the market especially in developing economies are facing major revolution, motivated by transformation, deregulation and customer complexity. Customer service and specifically relationship management, in particular, are vital for gaining a reliable competitive edge in the market vicinity. The execution of a one-to-one strategy within a budding economy is the focus of this paper, particularly in the financial services environment. The steps in the implementation of CRM as proposed by Peppers, Rogers and Dorf (1999) are examined and the effect on customer service in an emerging market is analyzed. The results point out that there are constructive relations with these steps and customer service. CRM with respect to IT industry is more relevant as the services offered by this sector are more customized and custom centric. Hence, this demands a study of CRM in IT sector.

Introduction

Customer relationship management (CRM) is a broadly applied approach for handling a company’s relations with customers, clients and sales scenarios. It embraces using technology to

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consolidate, systematize, and harmonize business practices—predominantly sales undertakings, but also those for marketing, customer service, and technical support. The complete goal mouths are to find, attract, and win new customers, cherish and retain those the company previously has, induce previous customers back into the fold, and shrink the expenses of marketing and customer service. Customer relationship management designates a company-wide business scheme comprising customer-interface divisions as well as other divisions. Evaluating and appreciating customer relationships are serious to employing this approach.

CRM (customer relationship management) is an information industry word for practices, software, and typically Internet competencies that help an enterprise achieve customer relationships in a systematized technique. For example, an enterprise might construct a catalogue about its clients that pronounced relationships in adequate detail so that management, salespeople, individuals providing facility, and imaginably the customer directly could access data, match customer requirements with product plans and assistances, remind customers of service requirements, know what additional products a customer had bought.

The superior a corporate can manage the relationships with its customers the more fruitful it will grow into. Therefore IT systems that help support dealing with customers on a day-to-day basis are mounting in reputation.

Customer relationship management (CRM) is not just the solicitation of technology, but is a stratagem to absorb extra about customers’ requirements and behaviors in order to mature durable relationships with them. As such, it is more of a business attitude than a methodological explanation to assist in dealing with customers efficiently and professionally. However, prosperous CRM trusts on the usage of technology.

**Meaning**

- CRM is a business approach that target to apprehend, expect and accomplish the prerequisites of an organisation’s existing and prospective customers.
- It is an ample approach which delivers smooth combination of all range of corporate that traces the customer- namely marketing, sales, customer services and field support through the amalgamation of individuals, progression and expertise.
• CRM is a move from outmoded marketing as it emphases on the withholding of customers in accumulation to the procurement of new customers

• Customer Relationship Management (CRM) is becoming standard terminology, swapping what is usually perceived to be a falsely slight word, relationship marketing (RM).

**Definition**

CRM is “the development and maintenance of mutually beneficial long-term relationships with strategically significant customers.” (Buttle, 2000)

CRM is “an IT enhanced value process, which identifies, develops, integrates and focuses the various competencies of the firm to the ‘voice’ of the customer in order to deliver long-term superior customer value, at a profit to well-identified existing and potential customers”. (Plakoyiannaki and Tzokas, 2001)

“CRM is concerned with the creation, development and enhancement of individualised customer relationships with carefully targeted customers and customer groups resulting in maximizing their total customer life-time value”

**Determinants of CRM**

**Trust**
The inclination to trust on the aptitude, honesty, and encouragement of one company to help the requirements of the other company as decided upon implicitly and explicitly.

**Value**
The aptitude of a selling organisation to satisfy the requirements of the customer at a moderately inferior cost or advanced benefit than that offered by opponents and measured in financial, sequential, useful and emotional terms.

In addition to trust and value, salespeople must:

- Recognize customer needs and problems;
- Meet their obligations;
- Provide superior after sales provision;
- Make certain that the customer is always told the truth (must be honest); and
- Have an adoring attention in establishing and retaining a long-term relationship (e.g., have long-term viewpoint

**Purpose**
- The attention [of CRM] is on making worth for the customer and the company over the stretched term.
- When customers worth the customer facility that they obtain from suppliers, they are fewer likely to look to alternate suppliers for their needs.
- CRM empowers organisations to gain ‘competitive advantage’ over opponents that supply alike products or amenities

**Importance**

§ Today’s businesses contest with multi-product assistances twisted and conveyed by webs, agreements and partnerships of countless varieties. Together remembering customers and construction contacts with supplementary value-adding supporters is precarious to corporate performance.

§ The implementation of C.R.M. is being operated by an appreciation that long-term relationships with customers are one of the greatest essential resource of an organisation.

**Benefits**
A CRM system may be chosen because it is thought to provide the following advantages:
- Quality and efficiency
- Decrease in overall costs
- Decision support
- Enterprise agility
- Improved sales through improved timing by expecting needs based on historic trends
- Recognizing needs more efficiently by accepting exact customer requirements
- Cross-selling of other products by emphasizing and advising substitutions or enrichments
- Classifying which of your customers are moneymaking and which are not.
- Guaranteeing that the emphasis of the organisation is exterior
• Development in numbers of customers
• Maximisation of opportunities (e.g. increased services, referrals, etc.)
• Enlarged access to a source of market and opponent evidence
• Emphasising deprived operational processes
• Long term productivity and sustainability

Challenges

Prosperous growth, enactment, usage and support of customer relationship management systems can deliver a noteworthy benefit to the customer, but often, there are hurdles that hinder the customer from exhausting the method to its full prospective. Examples of a CRM endeavoring to cover a huge, multifaceted group of data can become awkward and problematic to understand for an ill-trained user.

Moreover, an edge that is hard to direct or comprehend can delay the CRM’s efficiency, producing customers to pick and choose which zones of the method to be used, while others may be lacking away. This uneven application can cause intrinsic challenges, as only certain parts are used and the system is not entirely practical. The enlarged use of customer relationship management software has also led to an industry-wide swing in appraising the role of the developer in planning and preserving its software. Companies are advised to reflect the complete influence of a feasible CRM software collection and the potential for worthy or damage in its use.

Complexity

Tools and workflows can be complex, specifically for big businesses. Earlier these tools were normally restricted to simple CRM resolutions which concentrated on observing and recording interactions and communications. Software solutions then extended to embrace deal tracking, territories, opportunities, and the sales pipeline itself. Next came the advent of tools for other client-interface business purposes, as styled under. These tools have been, and still are, offered as on-premises software that companies purchase and run on their own IT infrastructure.
Potential drawbacks of CRM

There are some causes why applying a customer relationship management (CRM) solution might not have the preferred consequences. There could be a lack of commitment from individuals within the company to the application of a CRM solution. Adjusting to a customer-focused approach may involve an ethnic alteration. There is a threat that affairs with customers will disrupt somewhere along the line, unless everyone in the business is dedicated to inspecting their operations from the customers' viewpoint. The outcome is customer disappointment and ultimate loss of revenue.

**Poor communication** can avoid buy-in. In order to make CRM work, all the appropriate persons in your business must know what info you need and how to use it. **Weak leadership** could cause hitches for any CRM application strategy. The responsibility is on management to lead by example and push for a customer emphasis on every project. If a projected plan isn't right for the customers, don't do it. Direct the players back to the sketch panel to come up with a solution that will work.

Trying to implement CRM as a **complete solution** in one go is an alluring but hazardous approach. It is healthier to breakdown your CRM scheme down into controllable pieces by locale up pilot programs and short-term mileposts. Consider starting with a pilot project that integrates all the essential departments and clusters but is minor and elastic enough to permit amendments along the way. Don't undervalue how much information you will need, and make certain that you can enlarge your systems if essential. You need to carefully reflect what information is composed and kept to confirm that only useful information is retained. You must also guarantee you obey with the eight principles of the Data Protection Act that administer the handling of information on living, identifiable individuals. For more information, see our guide on how to comply with data protection legislation. Avoid adopting rigid rules which cannot be altered. Rules should be flexible to permit the needs of individual customers to be met.

**Need**

Applying a customer relationship management (CRM) solution might include extensive time and expenditure. However, there are many possible benefits. Finally this could lead to:
• improved customer satisfaction and holding, guaranteeing that your good status in the open market endures to cultivate
• improved assessment from your current customers and condensed costs related with supporting and overhauling them, growing your global competence and dropping whole charge of sales
• better-quality success by concentrating on the most money-spinning customers and dealing with the loss-making in more cost active ways

Once your business starts to look after its prevailing customers successfully, labors can be focused on discovering new customers and mounting your market. The more you know about your customers, the easier it is to classify new predictions and raise your customer base. Even with centuries of gathered data, there's continuously area for enhancement. Customer needs modify completed period, and technology can make it easier to find out more about customers and confirm that everybody in an organization can exploit this info.

Types of CRM solution

Customer relationship management (CRM) is significant in running a prosperous business. The healthier the relationship, the easier it is to conduct business and produce income. Consequently using technology to advance CRM makes good business logic. CRM solutions fall into the following four comprehensive groups:

Outsourced solutions
Application service workers can deliver web-based CRM solutions for your business. This approach is perfect if you need to implement a solution fast and your company does not have the in-house helps essential to tackle the job from scratch. It is also a decent solution if you are previously geared towards online e-commerce.

Off-the-shelf solutions
Numerous software companies offer CRM requests that mix with current packages. Cut-down forms of such software may be appropriate for minor businesses. This approach is usually the inexpensive choice as you are financing in average software components. The shortcoming is that the software may not continuously do exactly what you want and you may have to trade off
functionality for convenience and price. The key to achievement is to be stretchy without negotiating too much.

**Bespoke software**

For the final in custom-made CRM solutions, advisers and software engineers will customize or create a CRM system and mix it with your current software. However, this can be costly and time consuming. If you select this choice, make sure you cautiously specify accurately what you want. This will frequently be the most expensive selection and costs will vary depending on what your software designer estimates.

**Managed solutions**

A half-way house between modified and outsourced solutions, this includes hiring a customized suite of CRM applications as a modified platform. This can be cost effective but it may mean that you have to negotiation in terms of functionality.

**Six steps for achieving Customer Service**

1 Setting a Clear Customer Experience Strategy
2 Selecting the Correct People
3 Developing, Motivating and Managing your People
4 Establishing Effective Service Delivery Processes
5 Building in Continuous Improvement
6 Ensuring Managers are the Key Change-Agents

**Information Technology and CRM**

- Technology plays a crucial part in CRM.
- Technological approaches concerning the usage of databases, data mining and one-to-one marketing can support organisations to increase customer worth and their own success.
- This type of technology can be recycled to preserve a record of customers names and contact particulars in addition to their past of purchasing products or consuming services
- This information can be used to target customers in a tailored way and bargain them services to meet their specific needs
- This modified message delivers worth for the customer and increases customers faithfulness to the earner

Information Technology and CRM: Examples

Here are examples of how technology can be used to generate modified services to increase trustworthiness in customers:

- **Phone calls, emails, mobile phone text messages, or WAP services:**
  Having access to customers contact details and their service or buying inclinations through databases etc. can qualify organisations to attentive customers to new, alike or substitute services or products.
  - Illustration: When tickets are purchased online via Lastminute.com, the website preserves the customer’s details and their buying history. The website repetitively sends emails to previous customers to update them of impending events or special discounts. This supports to confirm that customers will carry onto purchase tickets from Lastminute.com in the future.

- **Cookies**
  “A “cookie” is a parcel of text sent by a server to a web browser and then sent back unaffected by the browser each time it accesses that server. HTTP cookies are used for validating, following, and upholding exact info about users, such as site inclinations and the contents of their electronic shopping carts”.
  - Illustration: The online store, Amazon, uses “cookies” to deliver a modified service for its customers. Amazon involves customers to register with the service when they purchase items. When registered customers log in to Amazon at a later time, they are ‘greeted’ with a welcome message which uses their name (for e.g. “Hello John”). In addition, their previous purchases are emphasized and a list of alike items that the customer may demand to purchase is also emphasized.

- **Loyalty cards**
  The key role of a retailer loyalty card is to gather data about customers. This in turn leads to customer understanding and cost visions (e.g. customer holding rates at different spending levels, response rates to offers, new customer conversion rates, and where money is being wasted on circulars), shadowed by suitable marketing achievement and follow-up analysis”
  - Illustration: The supermarket chain, Tescos, offers loyalty cards to its customers. When customers use the loyalty cards during pay dealings for goods, details of the purchases are stored in a database which enables Tescos to keep track of all the purchases that their customers make. At regular intermissions, Tescos sends its customers money saving coupons by post for the
products that the customers have bought in the past. The purpose of this is to inspire customers to repeatedly return to Tescos to do their shopping

• **CRM software - “Front office” solutions**
  - Many call centres use CRM software to compile all of their customer's particulars. When a customer calls, the system can be used to save and hoard info appropriate to the customer. By helping the customer quickly and efficiently, and also keeping all information on a customer in one place, a company aims to make cost savings, and also boost new customers.

**Summary**

CRM is a new business viewpoint grounded on trust and value; The essential purpose of CRM is the value creation process; Customer relationships develop over time; The role of worldwide salespeople in the procedure is that of both relationship builders and relationship promoters; and The basic evidence of CRM is to compromise larger value to customers in an effort to turn projections into customers, customers into loyal customers, and loyal customers into partners. In summary, to implement CRM successfully, you'll have to reorganize your customer and change your organizational mindset. When CRM works, it helps to solve this problem by meshing everyone together and focusing the entire organization on the customer. Like all strategic initiatives, CRM requires commitment and understanding throughout the company, not just in marketing. In all, it adds to a sense of expectation and loyalty being instilled within the consumer and the development of a relationship between company and customer that competitors find hard to break. Business decisions based on complete and reliable information about your customers are very difficult for the competitors to replicate and represent a key and **sustainable competitive advantage.**
References

